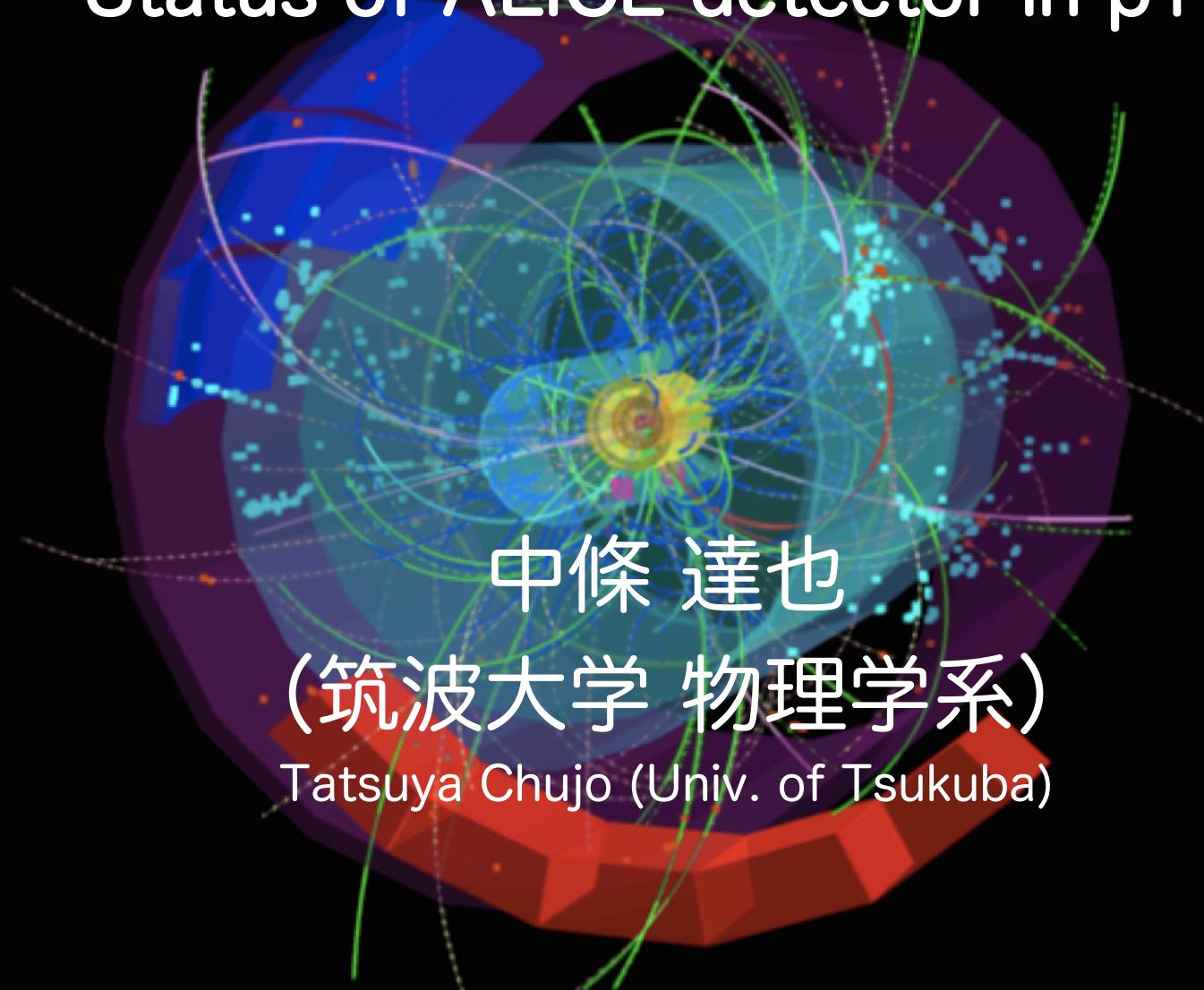


ALICE実験測定器の現状

Status of ALICE detector in p+p



中條 達也

(筑波大学 物理学系)

Tatsuya Chujo (Univ. of Tsukuba)

Snap shot of ALICE Control Room (2010.08.25)

- Data taking period, very quite... -

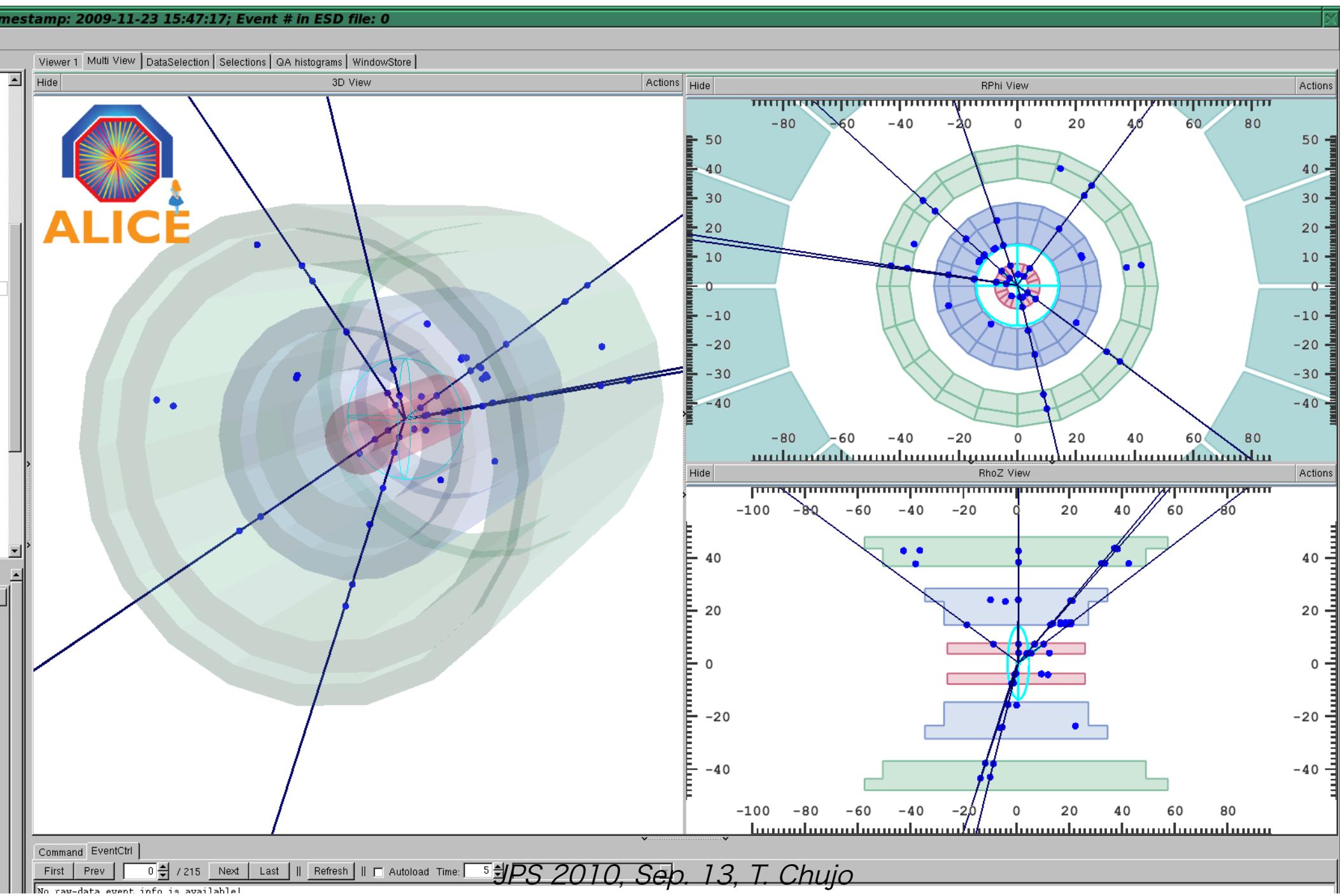


最初の陽子-陽子衝突を喜ぶ研究者たち
First collision p+p $\sqrt{s} = 900$ GeV
(2009.11.23, ALICE Control Room)

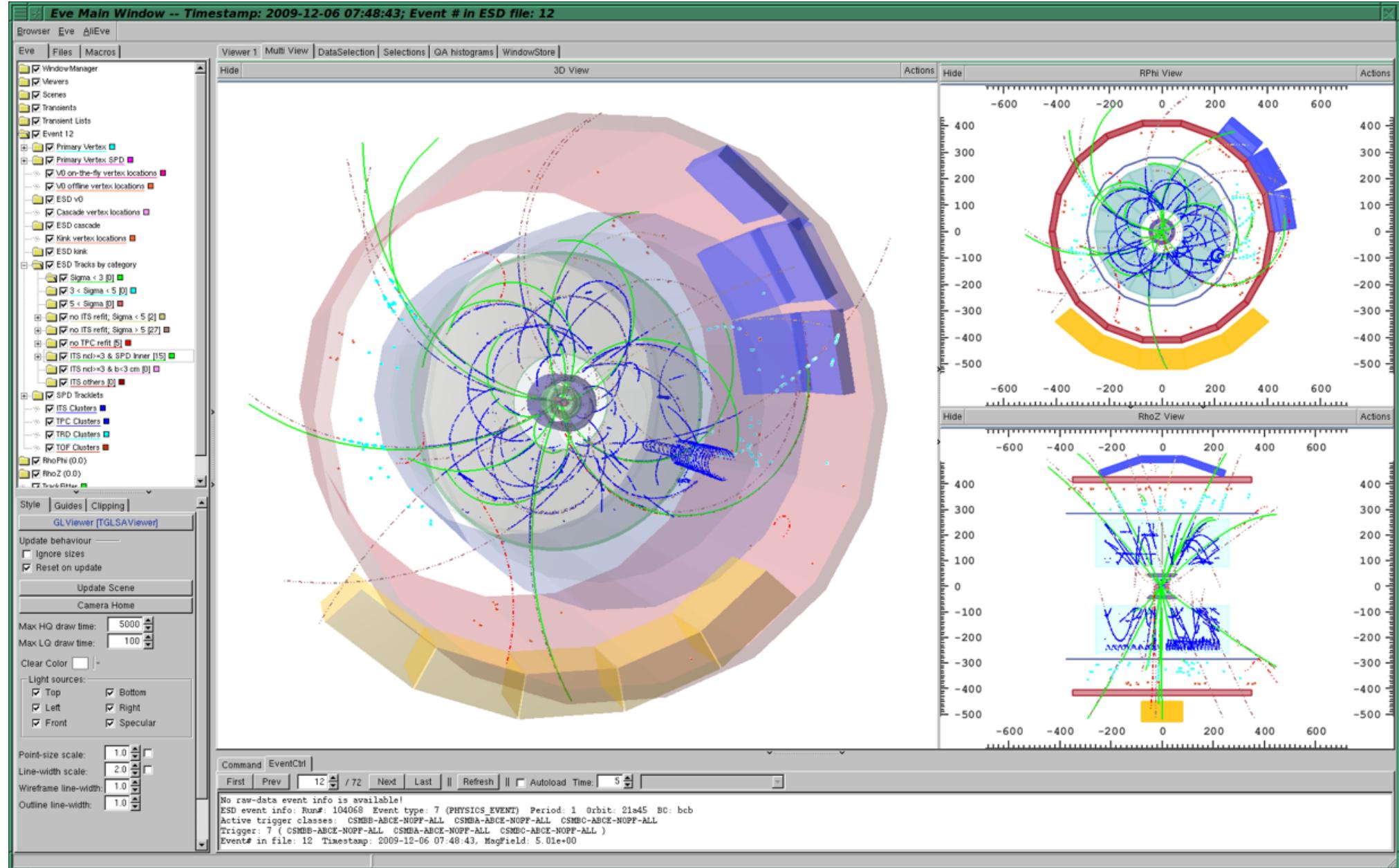
Same Room



The first “event” in p+p 0.9 TeV

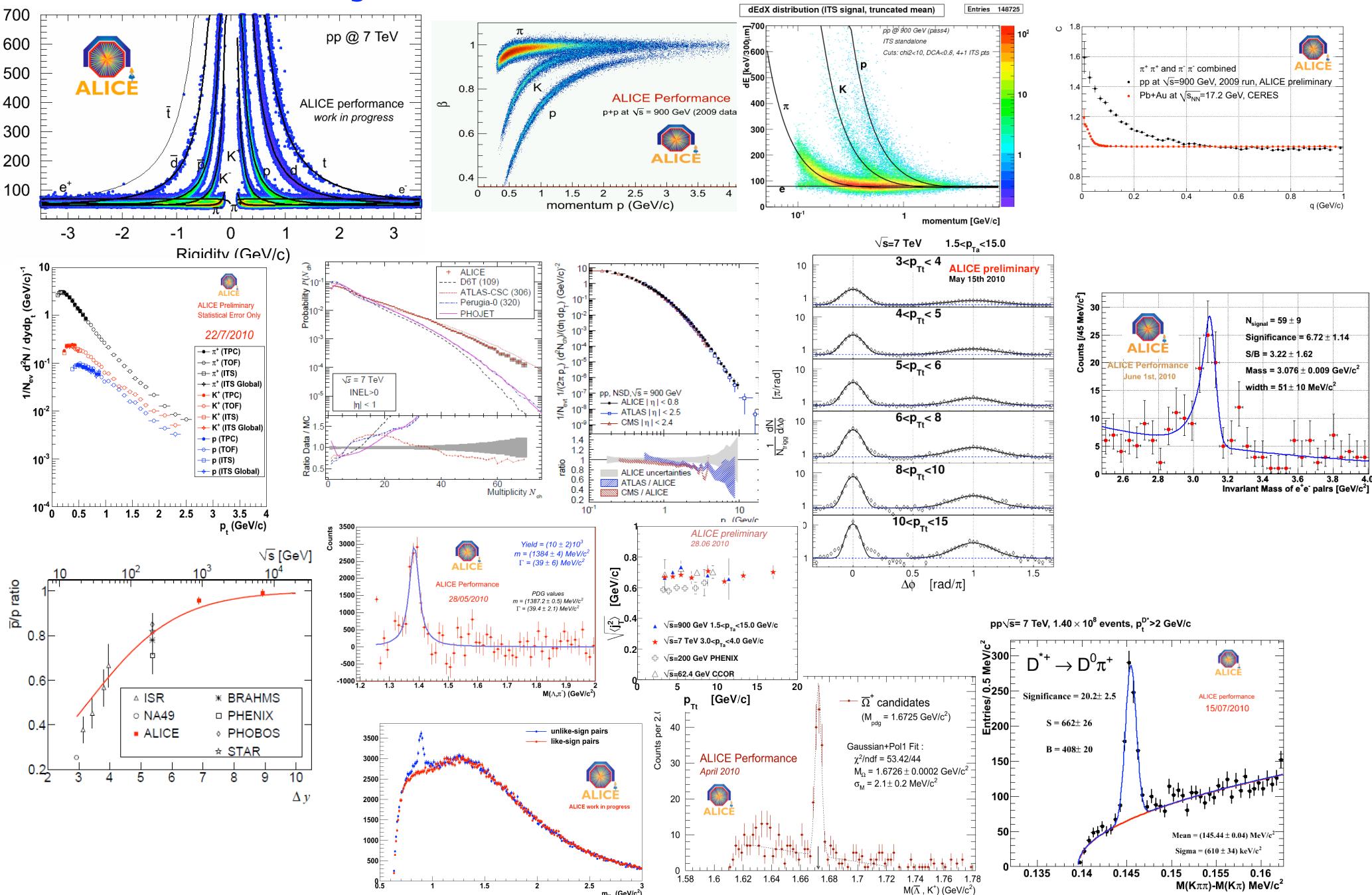


... and 7 TeV p+p

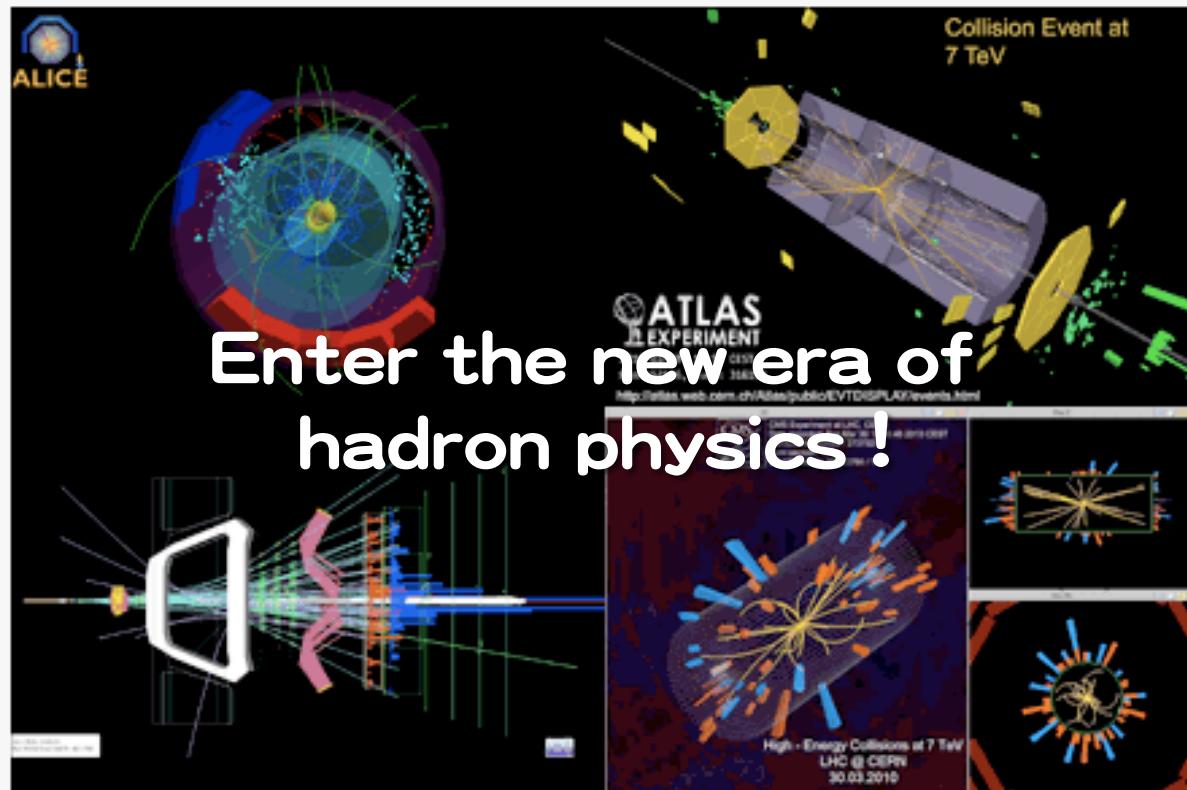


After ~9 months later...

Already lots of first results from ALICE !



LHC First Physics



7 TeV collision events seen today by the LHC's four major experiments (clockwise from top-left: ALICE, ATLAS, CMS, LHCb). [More LHC First Physics Images »](#)

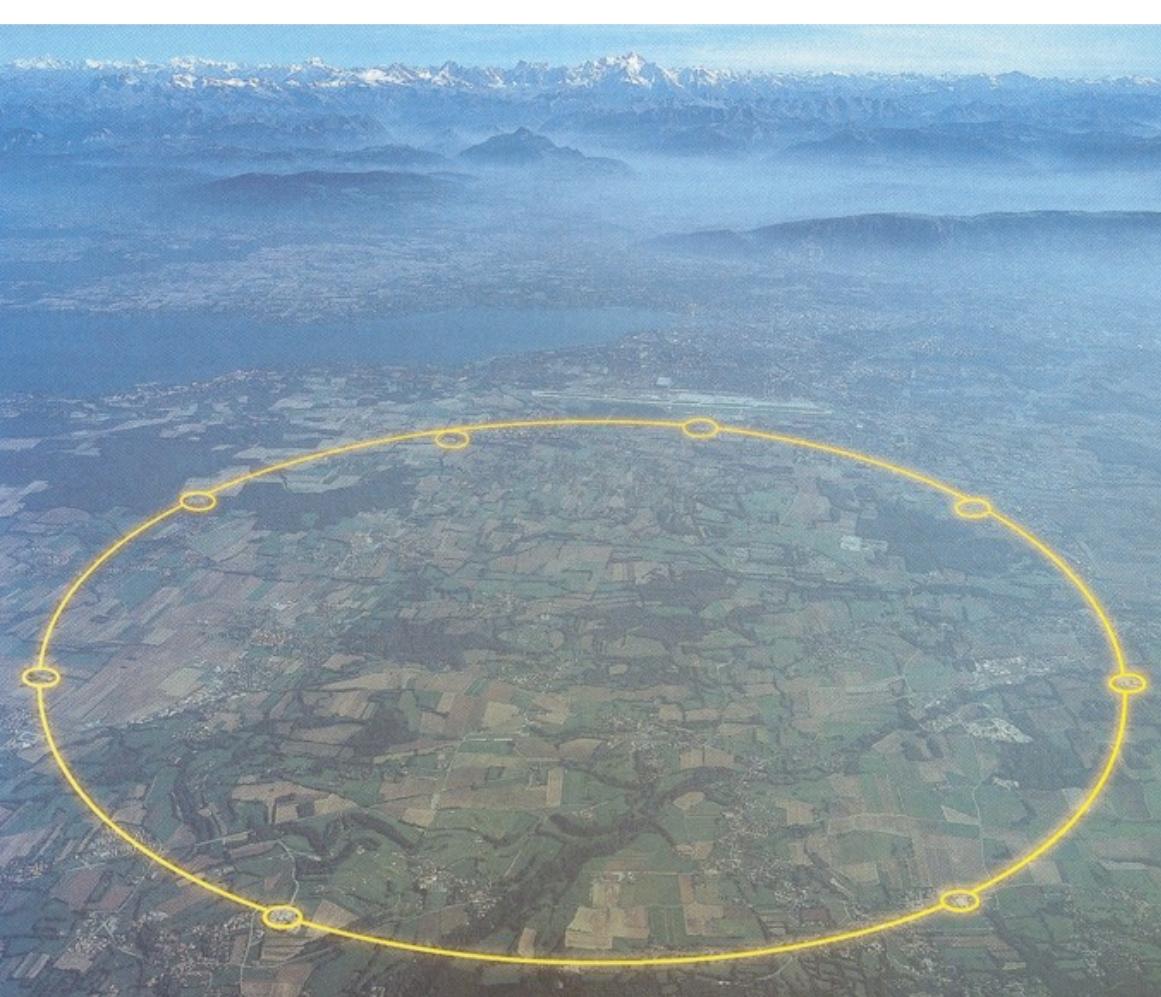
LHC research programme gets underway

Geneva, 30 March 2010. Beams collided at 7 TeV in the LHC at 13:06 CEST, marking the start of the LHC research programme. Particle physicists around the world are looking forward to a potentially rich harvest of new physics as the LHC begins its first long run at an energy three and a half times higher than previously achieved at a particle accelerator. [Read more...](#)

JPS 2010, Sep. 13, T. Chujo

Outline

- 1. Quark Gluon Plasma (QGP) at LHC**
- 2. LHC & ALICE**
- 3. ALICE & QGP**
 - **Parton energy loss**
 - **Collectivity**
 - **Temperature**
- 4. Summary**

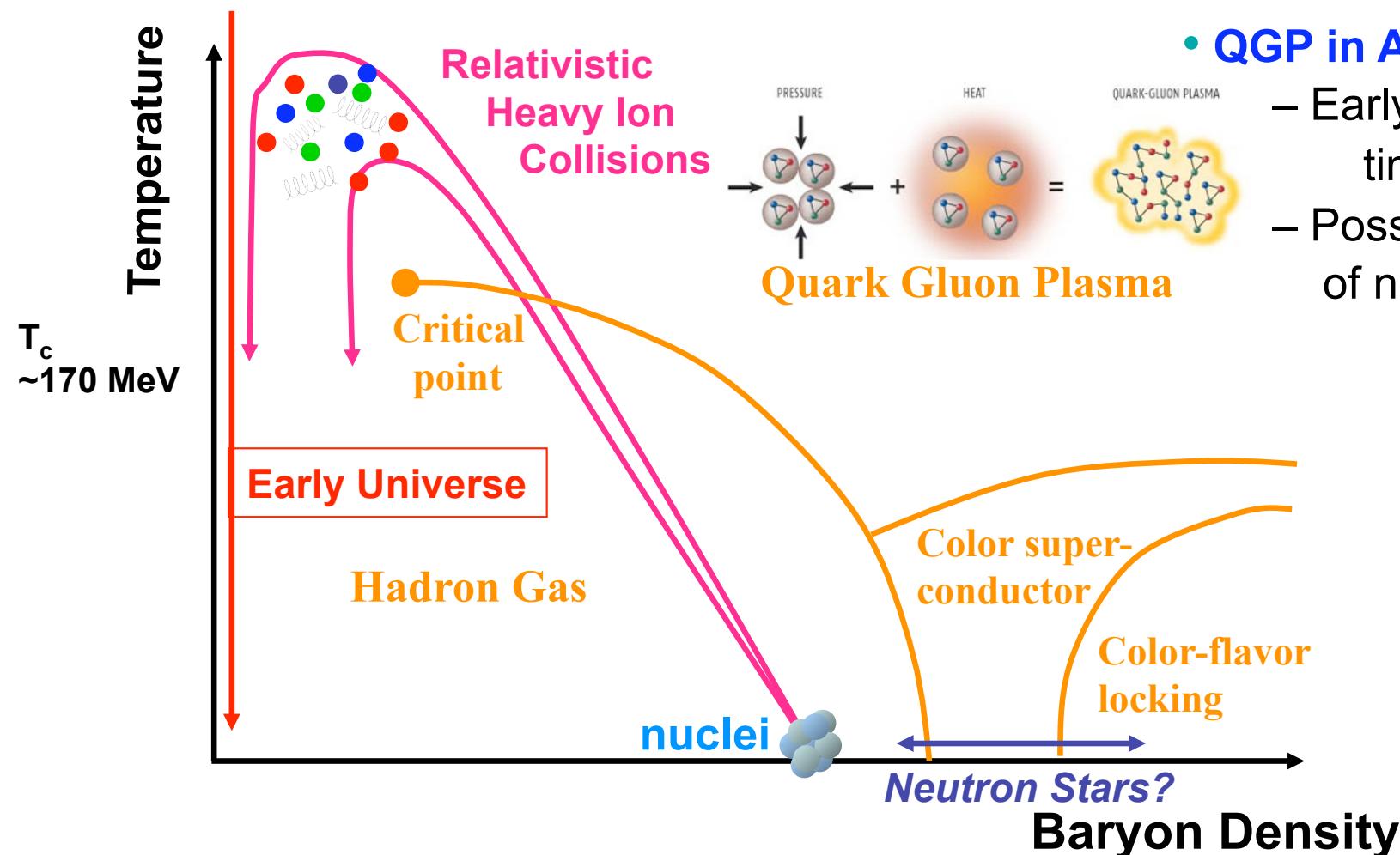


1. QUARK GLUON PLASMA & LHC

JPS 2010, Sep. 13, T. Chujo



QCD phase diagram and QGP



- **QGP in Astrophysics**

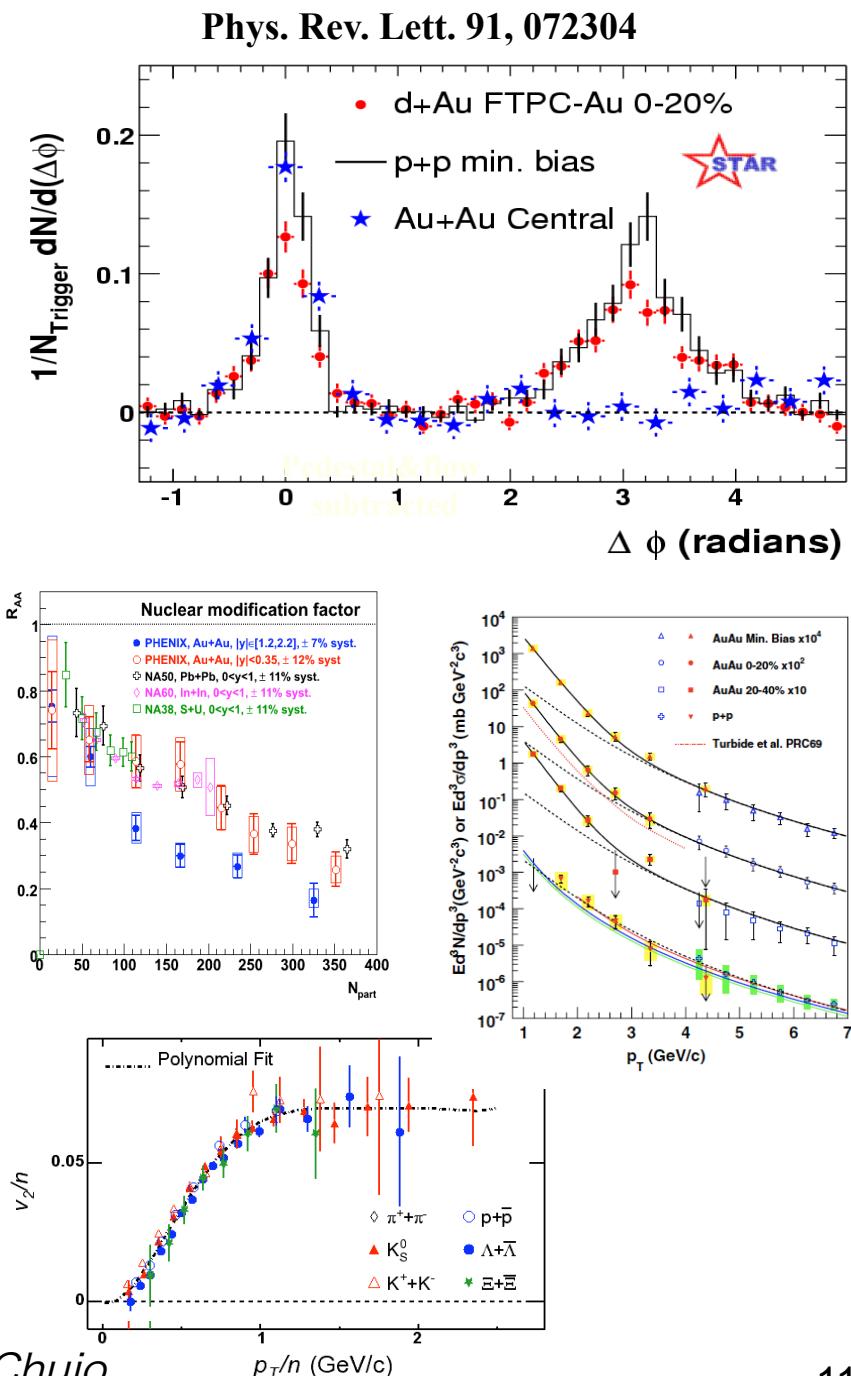
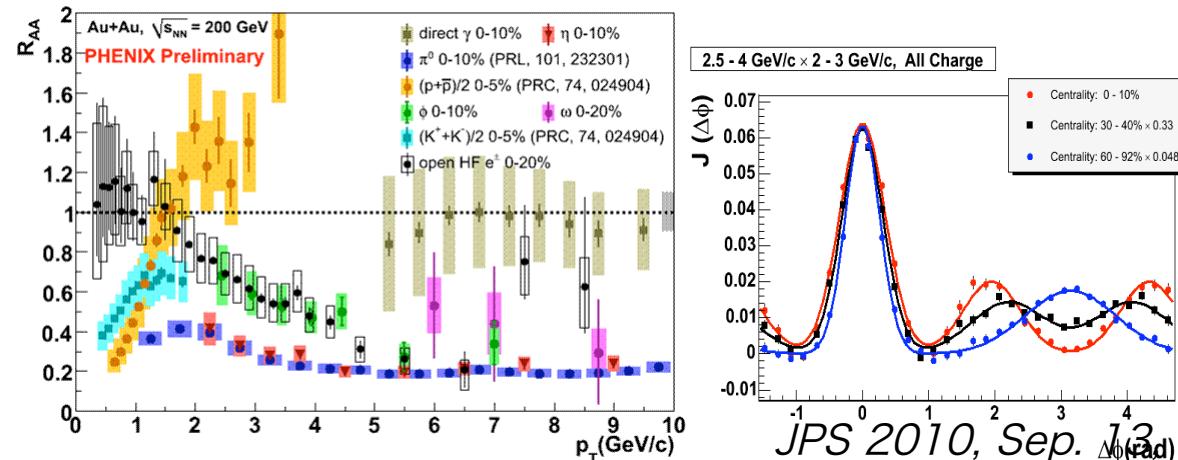
- Early universe:
time $< 10^{-6}$ seconds
- Possibly in the interior
of neutron stars

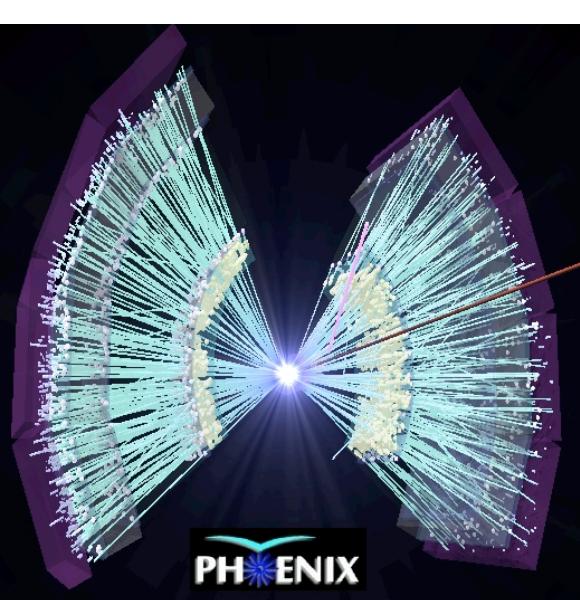
- **QGP in Nuclear Physics**

- Create at the lab. by heavy ion collisions
- Study the nature of QCD matter
at the extreme temperature and energy density

Highlights at RHIC

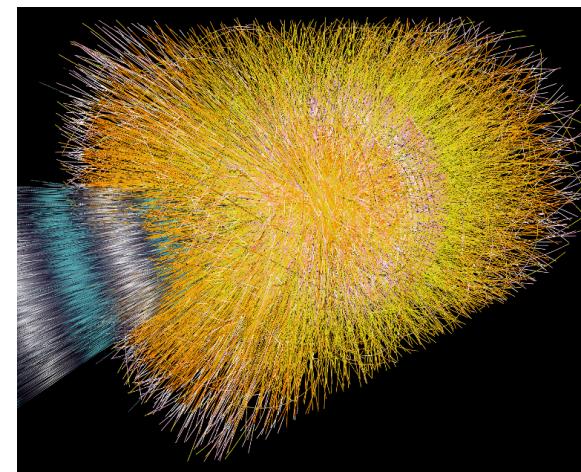
- Jet quenching, indicating $dN_g/dy \sim 1100$, $\varepsilon > 100 \varepsilon_0$.
- Jet-medium interaction: shock wave (hit to c_s)?
- Collective flow, suggesting quark recombination.
- Heavy quark suppression and flow.
- Thermal photon emission
 - $T > 300 \text{ MeV} > T_c$.



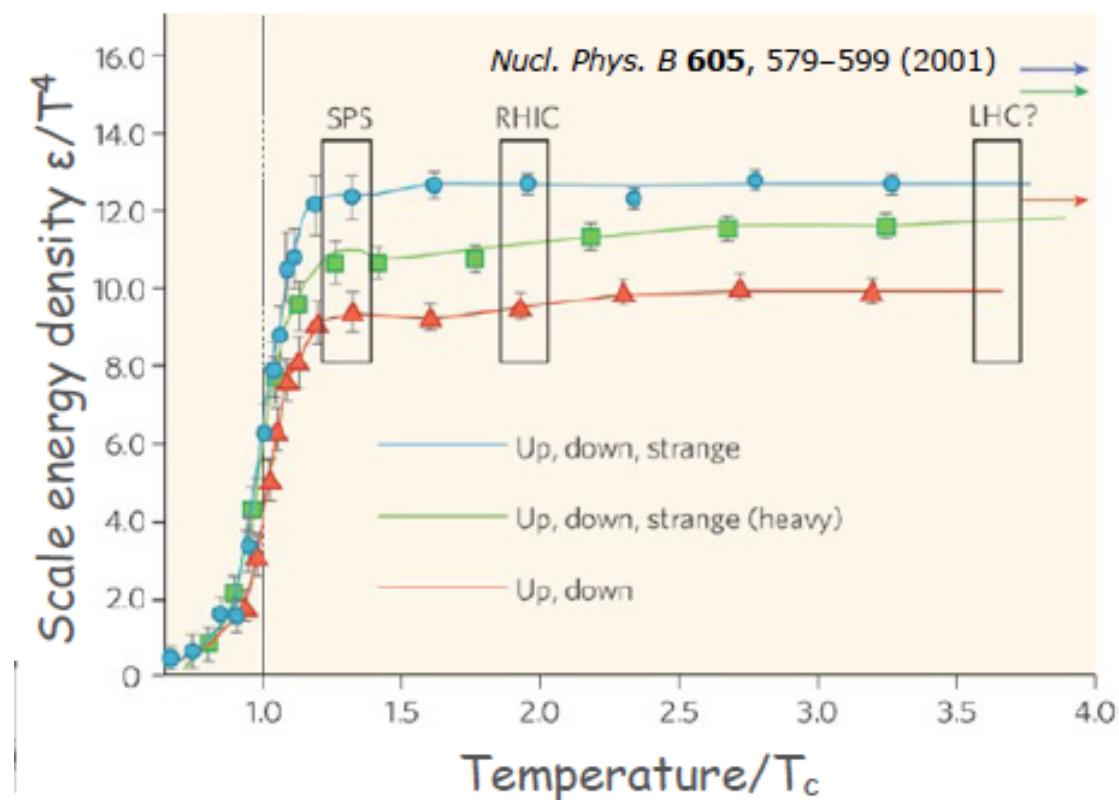


RHIC vs. LHC

	RHIC	LHC
$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)	200	5500
T/T_c	1.9	3.5-4.0
ε (GeV/fm ³)	5	15-60
τ_{QGP} (fm/c)	2-4	> 10



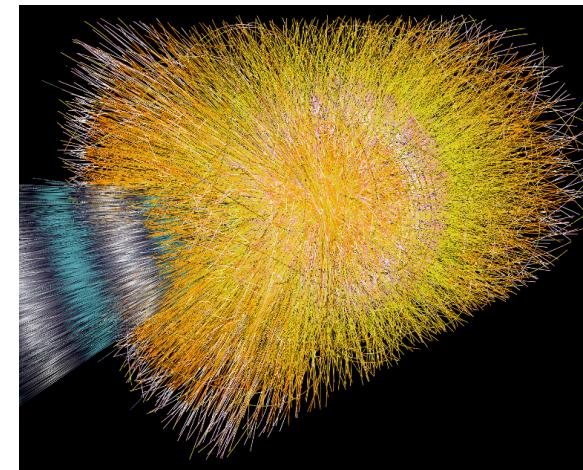
- **High temperature QGP (2 x T_{RHIC}).**





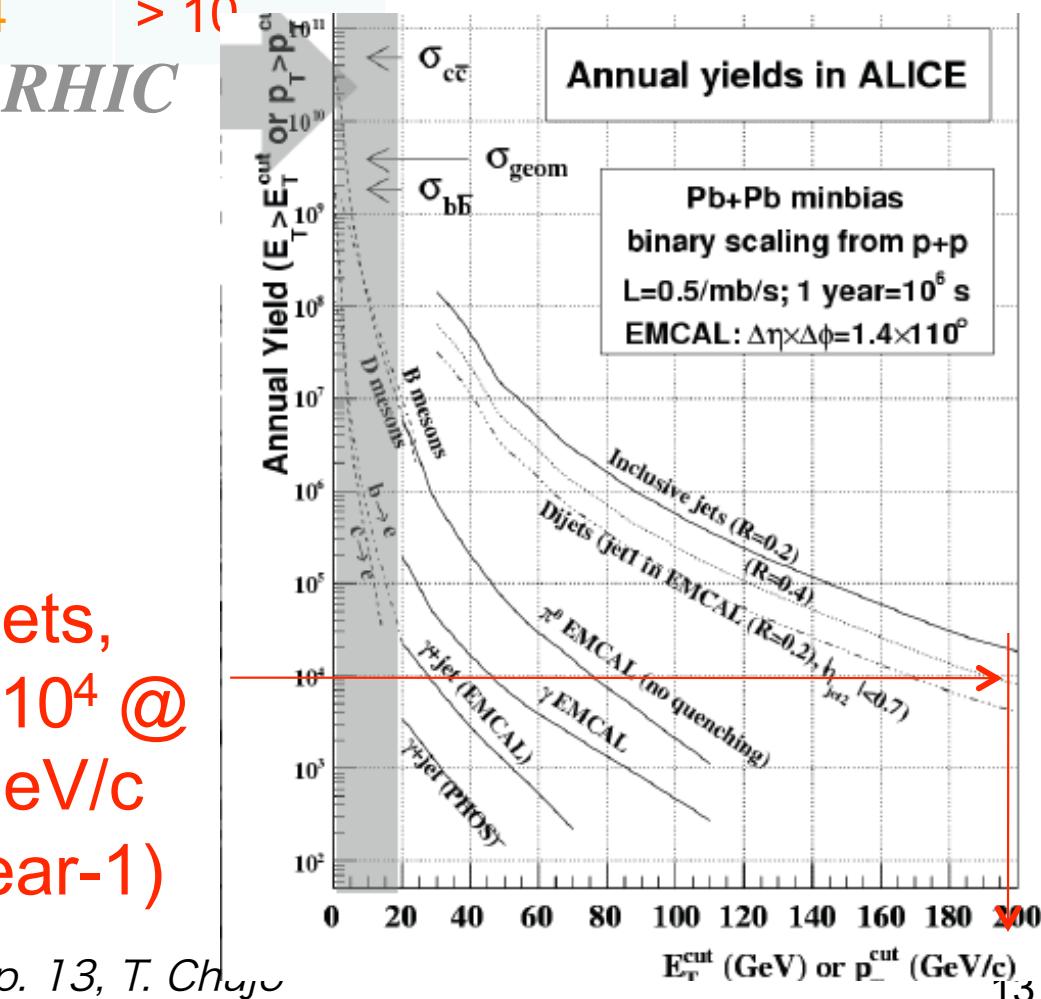
RHIC vs. LHC

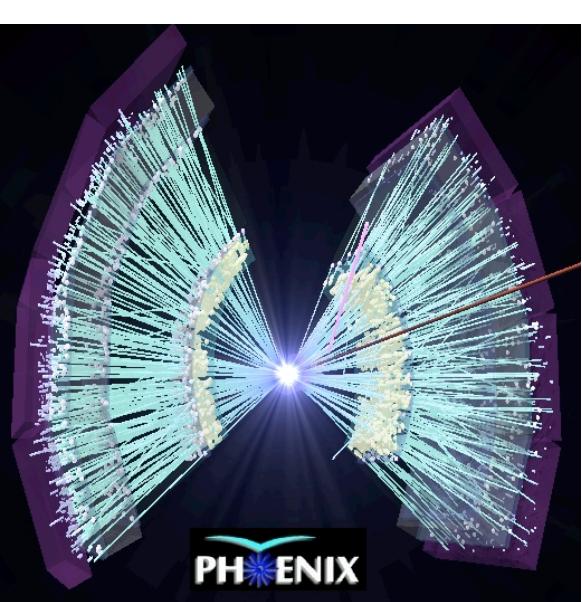
	RHIC	LHC
\sqrt{s}_{NN} (GeV)	200	5500
T/T_c	1.9	3.5-4.0
ε (GeV/fm 3)	5	15-60
τ_{QGP} (fm/c)	2-4	> 10



- **High temperature QGP (2 x T_{RHIC}).**
- **Jet production dominant.**

LHC:
Inclusive jets,
annual yield; 10^4 @
 $p_T = 200$ GeV/c
(5.5 TeV, Year-1)

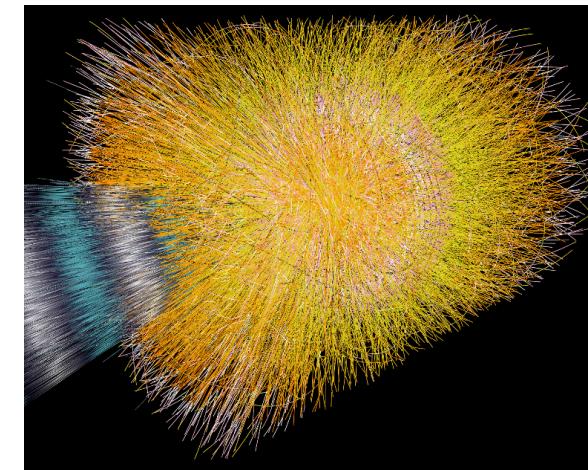




PHENIX

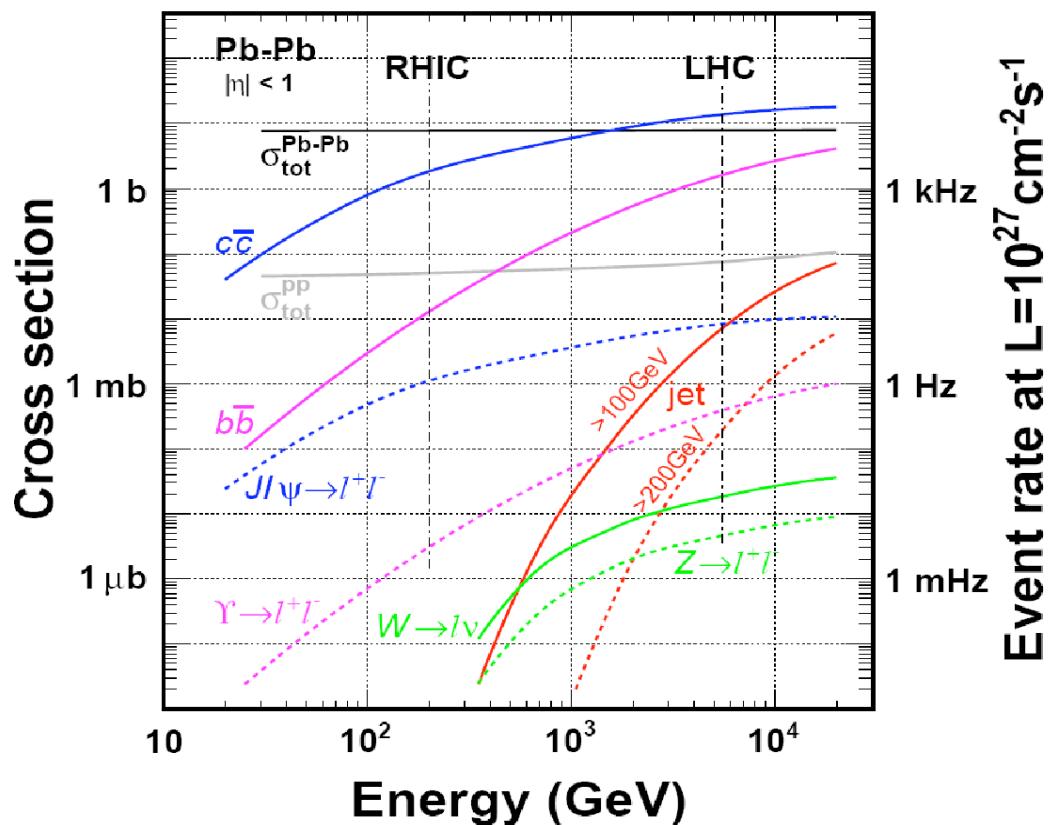
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ε (GeV/fm 3)	5	15-60
τ_{QGP} (fm/c)	2-4	> 10



[JW Harris, Winter WS on Nucl. Dynamics (2008)]

- **High temperature QGP ($2 \times T_{\text{RHIC}}$).**
- **Jet production dominant.**
- **Copious heavy quark production ($10 \times \sigma_{c\bar{c}}$).**

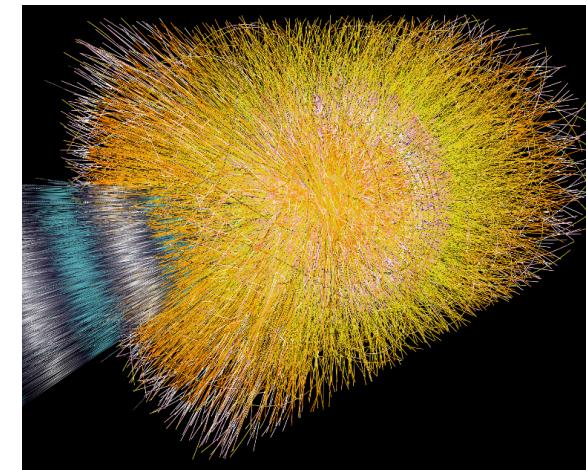




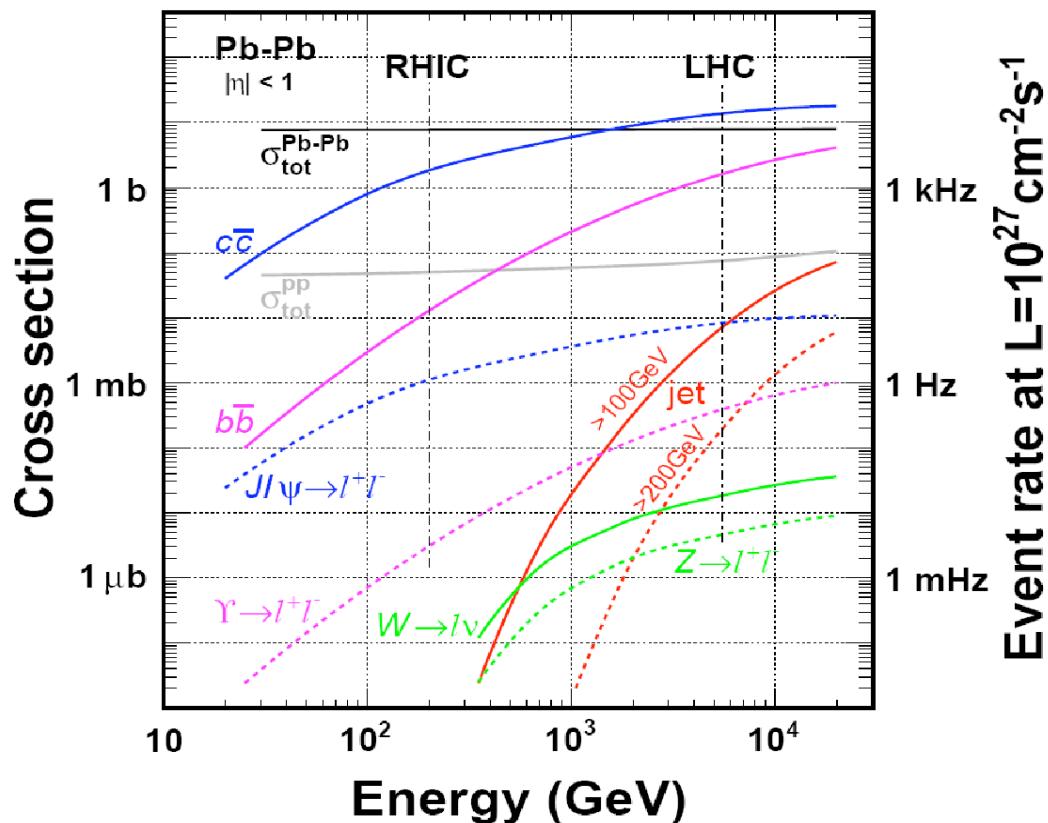
PHENIX

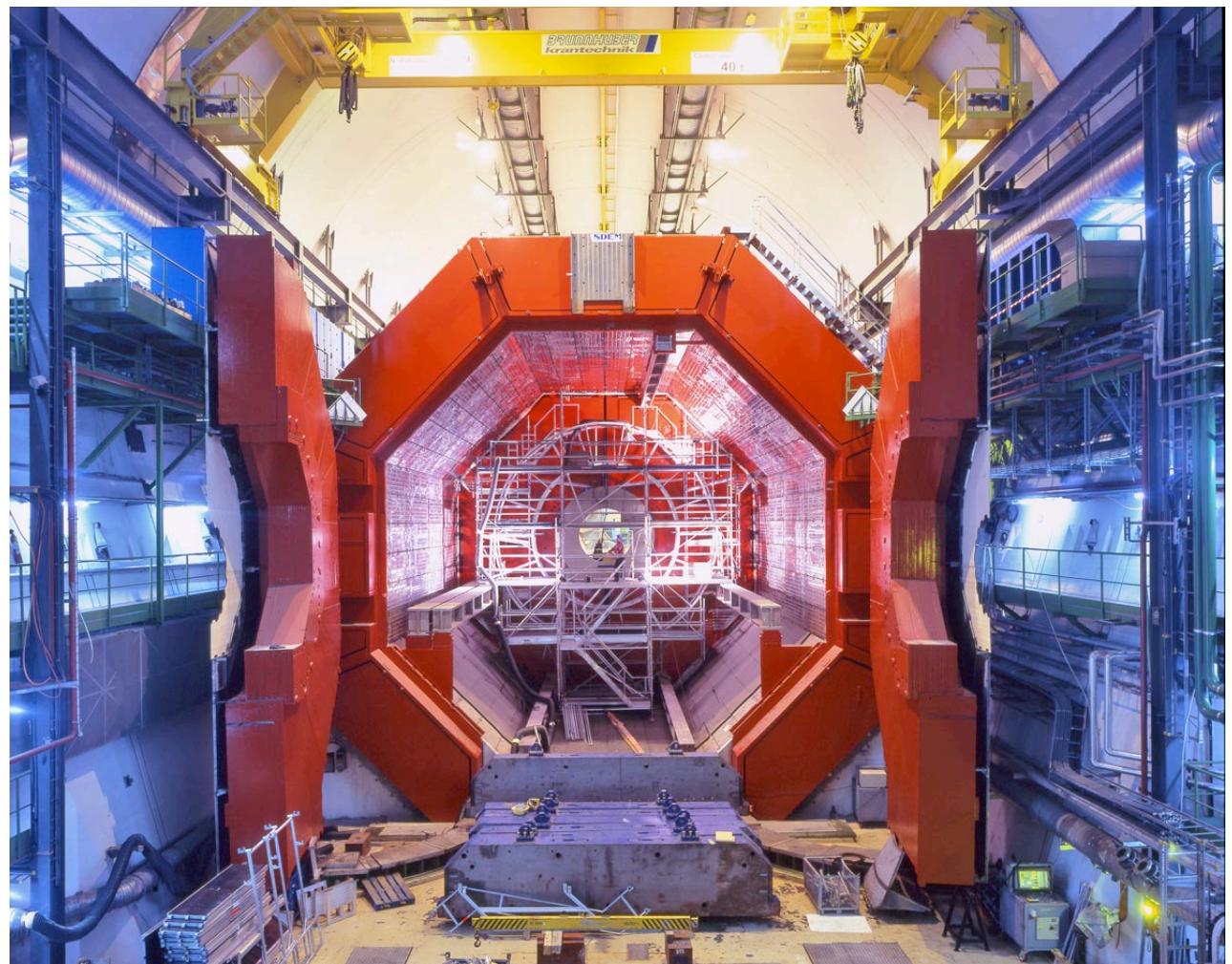
RHIC vs. LHC

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ε (GeV/fm 3)	5	15-60
τ_{QGP} (fm/c)	2-4	> 10



- **High temperature QGP ($2 \times T_{\text{RHIC}}$).**
- **Jet production dominant.**
- **Copious heavy quark production ($10 \times \sigma_{c\bar{c}}$).**
- **LHC:**
 - **Study the matter by clean probes, and response of bulk matter in HI collisions.**





2. LHC & ALICE EXPERIMENT



Large Hadron Collider (LHC)

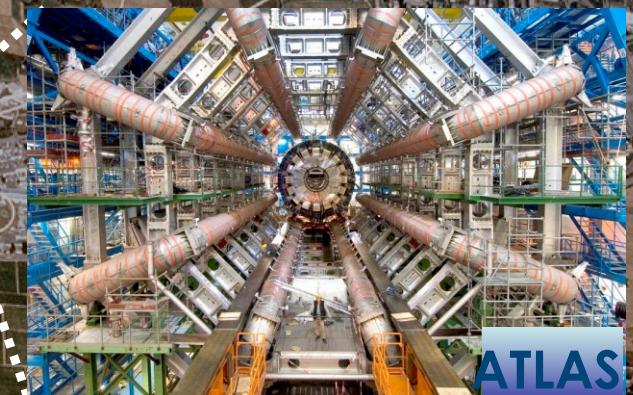
LHC Basics :

Magnets: 1232, 15 m long, 9 T, superconducting dipoles

Circumference: 27 km

$$p+p \sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ TeV}, L = 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$$

$$Pb+Pb \sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.5 \text{ TeV}, L = 10^{27} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$$



ALICE experiment

ALICE = A Large Ion Collider Experiment

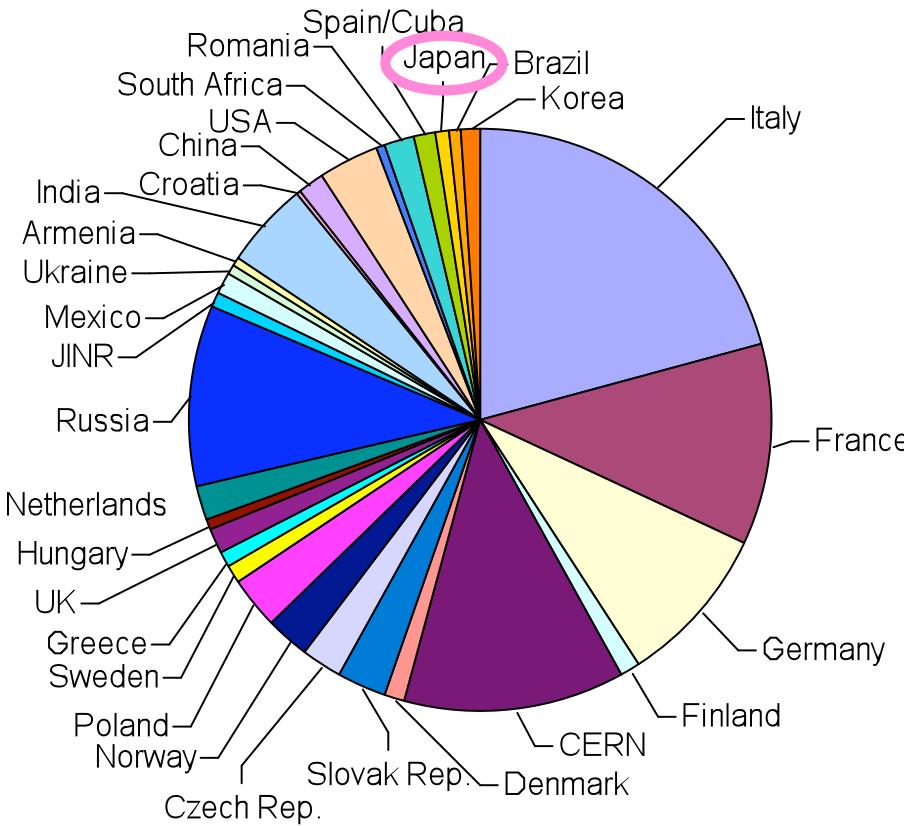
- Dedicated heavy ion experiment at LHC:
 - Study ‘state of matter’ at high temperature & energy density; QGP.
 - LHC: **30 x energy** of RHIC
 - Expect very **different type of ‘QGP’**
 - ‘**hard signals**’ to probe QGP (jets, γ , c and b quark)
 - First Pb+Pb (2.76 TeV) collisions Nov. 2010
- ALICE Institutes from Japan(ese).
 - Hiroshima Univ.: PHOS
 - Tokyo Univ. (CNS): TRD, FoCAL upgrade
 - Univ. of Tsukuba: EMCAL, DCal
 - + Heidelberg Univ. (K. Oyama): TRD, Trigger

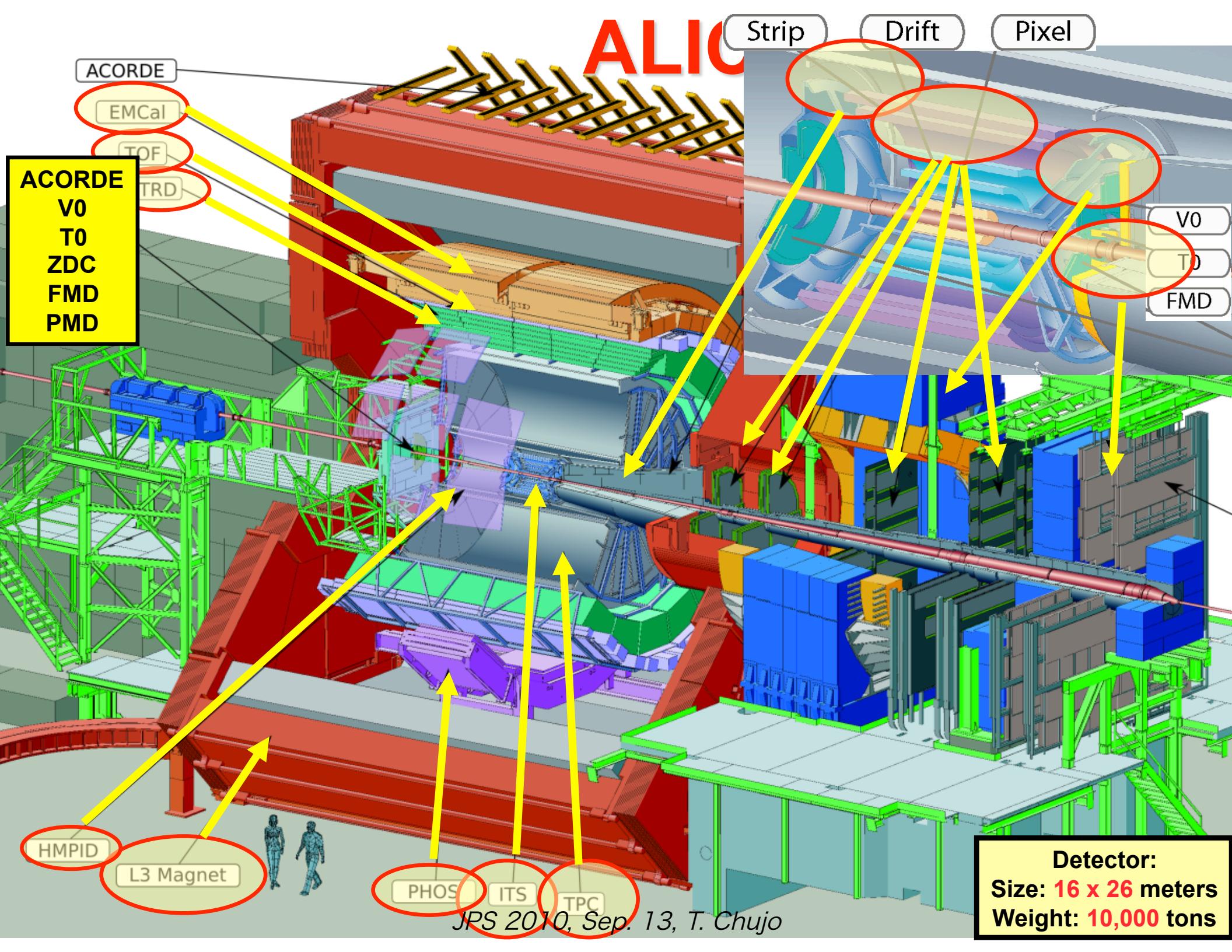


ALICE Collaboration



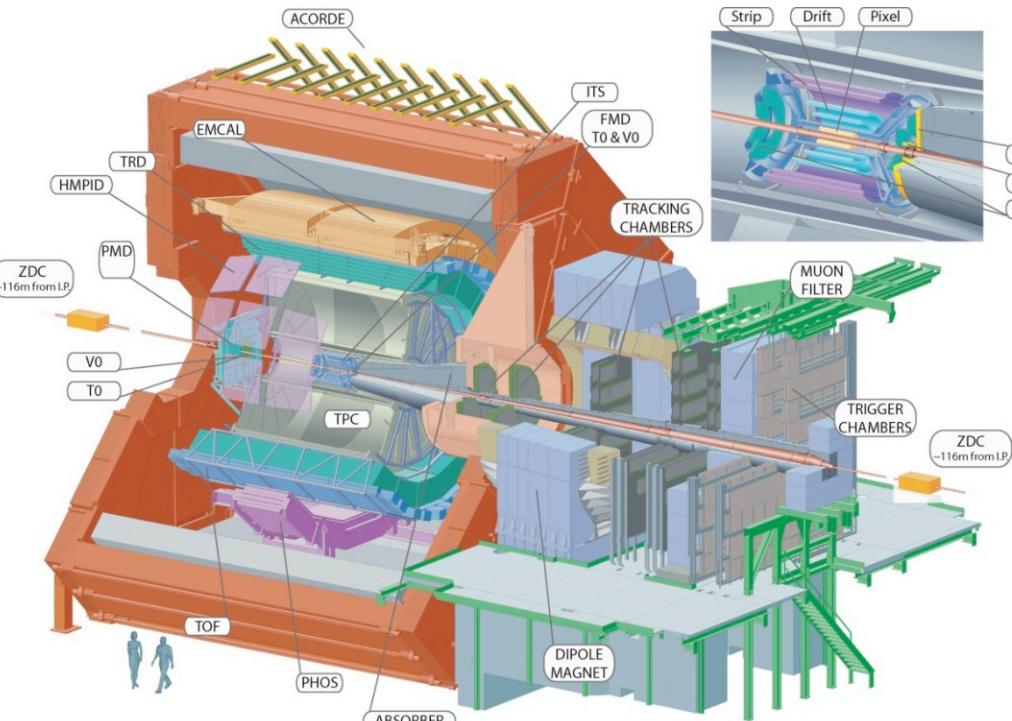
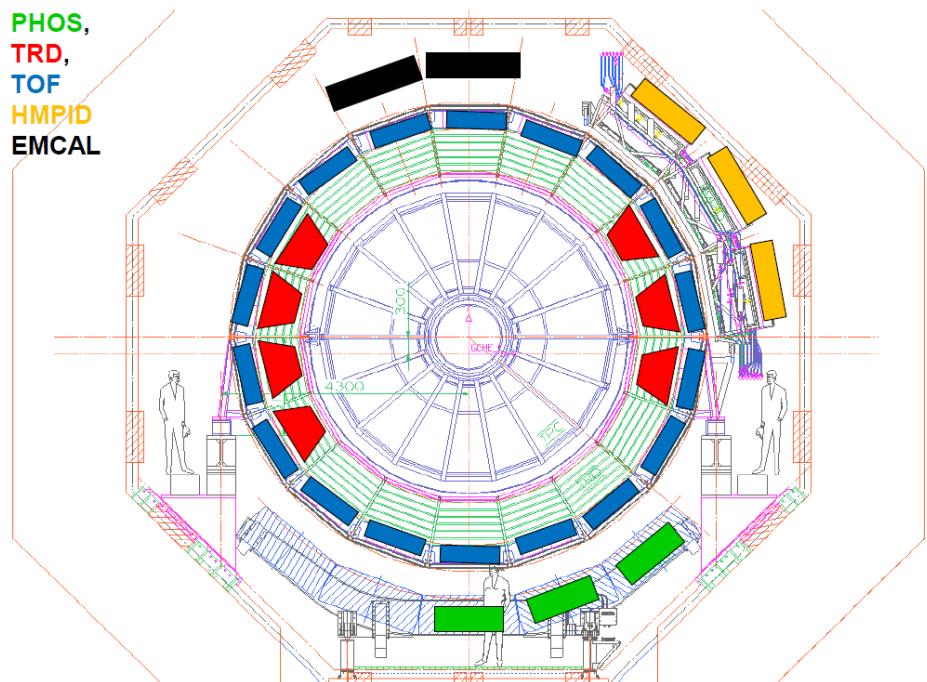
Collaboration:
> 1000 Members
> 100 Institutes
> 30 countries





Detector configuration 2010

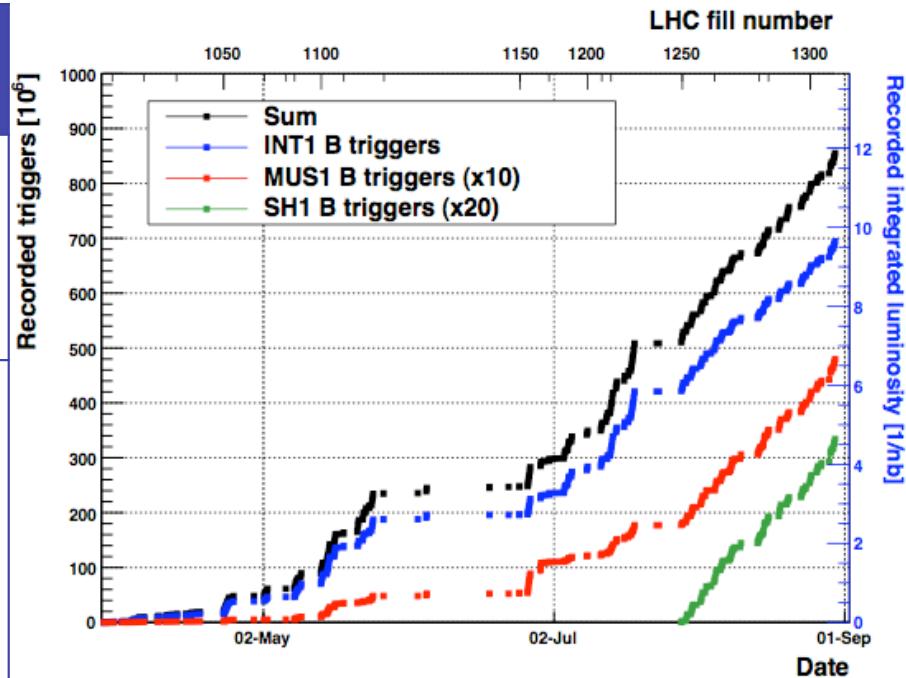
- ITS, TPC, TOF, HMPID, MUON, V0, T0, FMD, PMD, ZDC (100%)
 - TRD (7/18)
 - EMCAL (4/12)
 - PHOS (3/5)
 - HLT (60%)
- ◆ Full hadron and muon capabilities
- ◆ Partial electron and photon



ALICE detector is fully operational !

Data taking / Trigger (2009-2010)

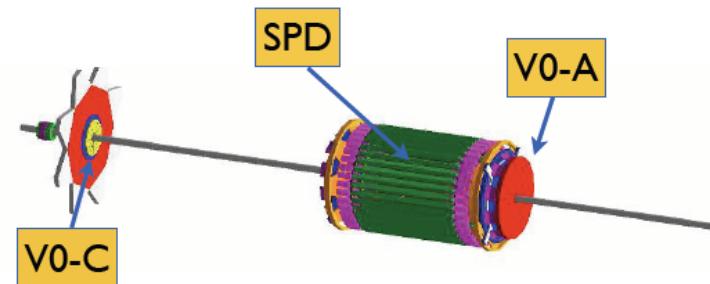
Run	Period	System	\sqrt{s} (TeV)	# of events
Run 1	Nov. – Dec. 2009	p+p	0.9	500 k (MB)
Run 2	Mar. 30 – Oct. 2010	p+p	7.0	700 M (MB) 500 M (single muon) 300 M (high multi.)
		p+p	0.9	2 M (MB)



Recorded trigger vs. Date

Trigger:

- Minimum bias (MB_{or}): SPD **or** V0-A **or** V0-C (96% eff. for INEL).
 - at least one charged particle in 8 pseudorapidity units
- $V0_{AND}$: Hit on both side of V0. (93% eff. for NSD).

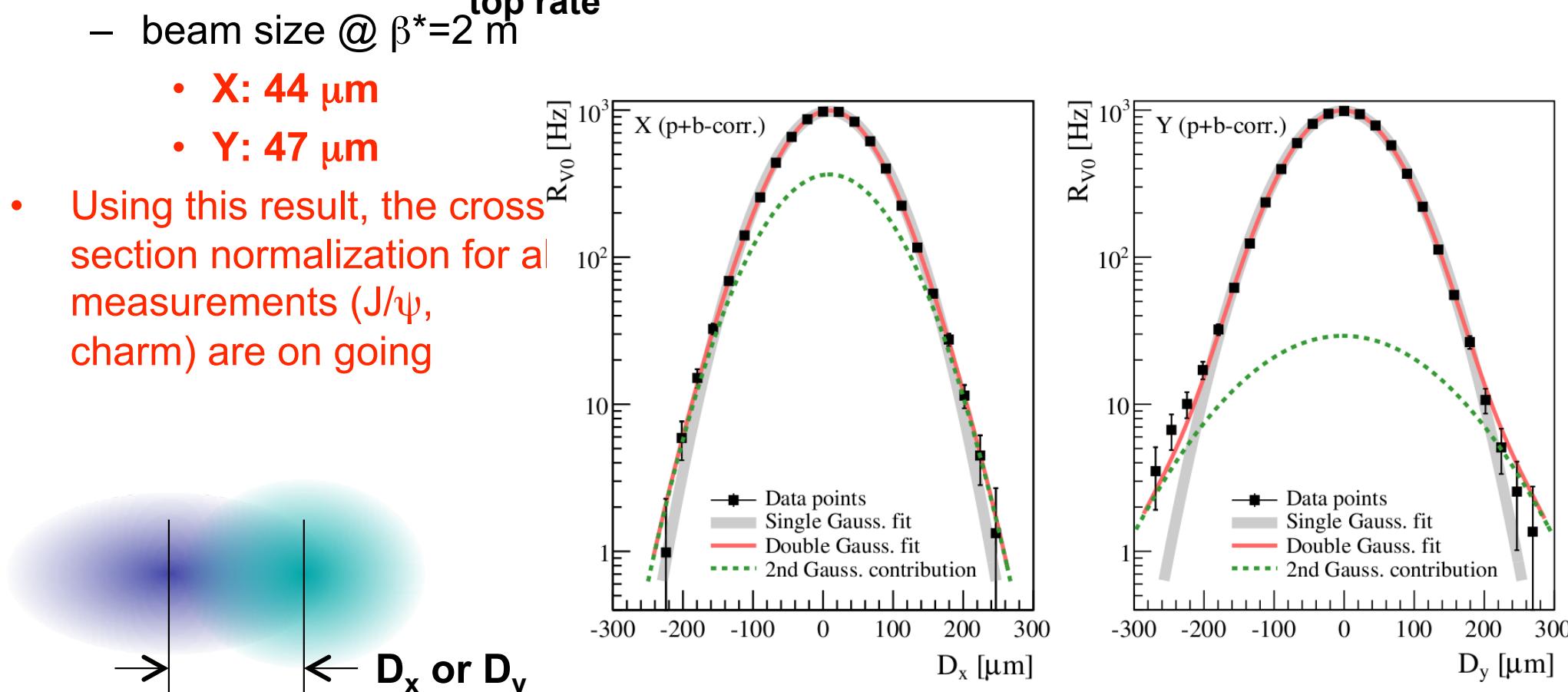


Absolute normalization

- Vernier (van der Meer) scan tells trigger cross section
- Performed in Apr. for p+p at 7 TeV
- V0-AND trigger cross section (~ 62 mb) measured with 8 % of syst. uncertainty

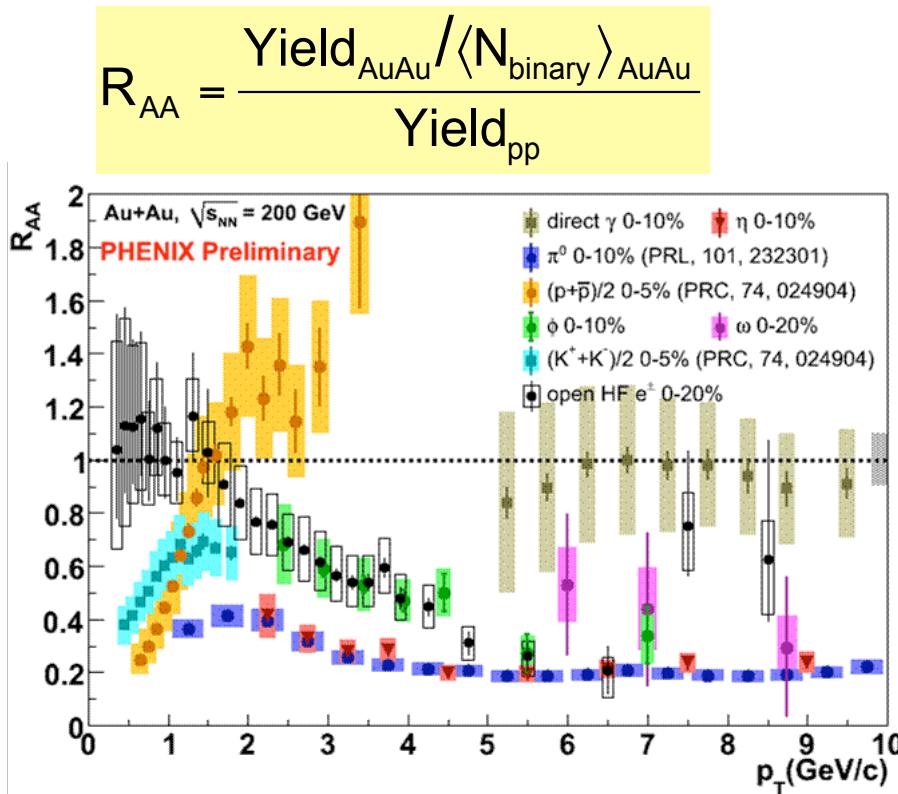
$$R_{V0}(D_x, D_y) = \underbrace{R_{V0}(0, 0)}_{\text{top rate}} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{D_x^2}{2\sigma_{\text{scan}-x}^2}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{D_y^2}{2\sigma_{\text{scan}-y}^2}\right)$$

top rate

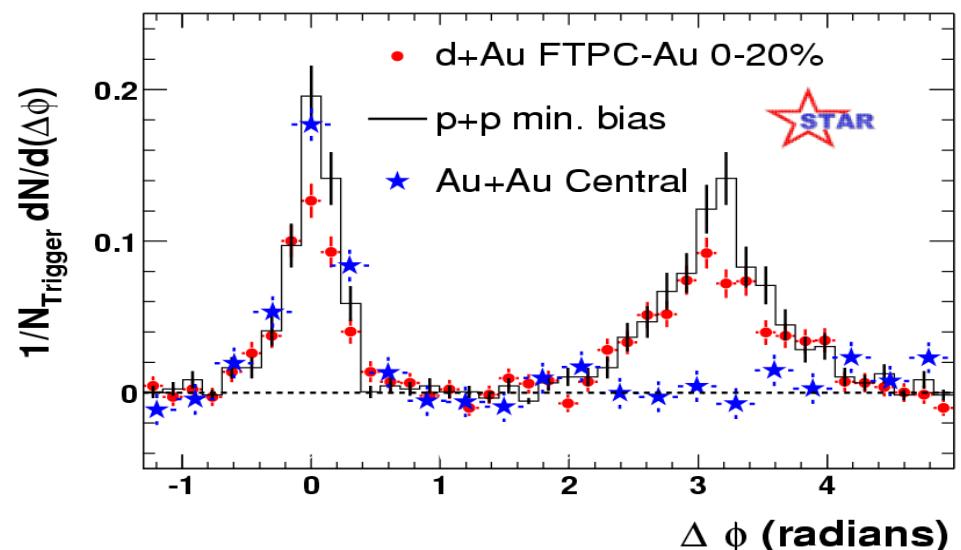


3. ALICE EXPERIMENT AND QGP PHYSICS

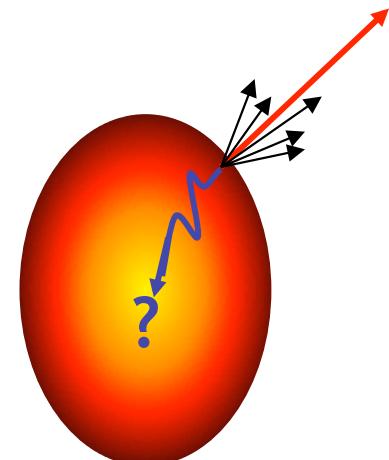
(1) Energy loss of parton



Phys. Rev. Lett. 91, 072304 (2003).

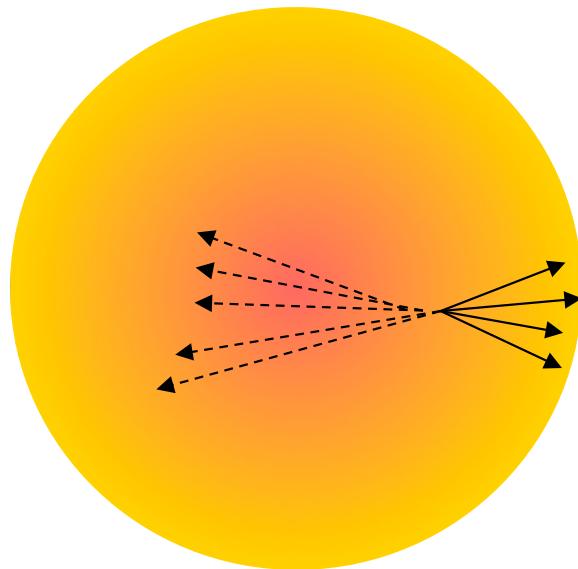


- At RHIC energy:
 - High p_T yield suppression.
 - Gluon density: $dN_g/dy \sim 1100$
 - Energy density: $\epsilon > 100 \epsilon_0$ (!)
 - $= \epsilon > 15 \text{ GeV / fm}^3$
 - Disappearance of away side jet.



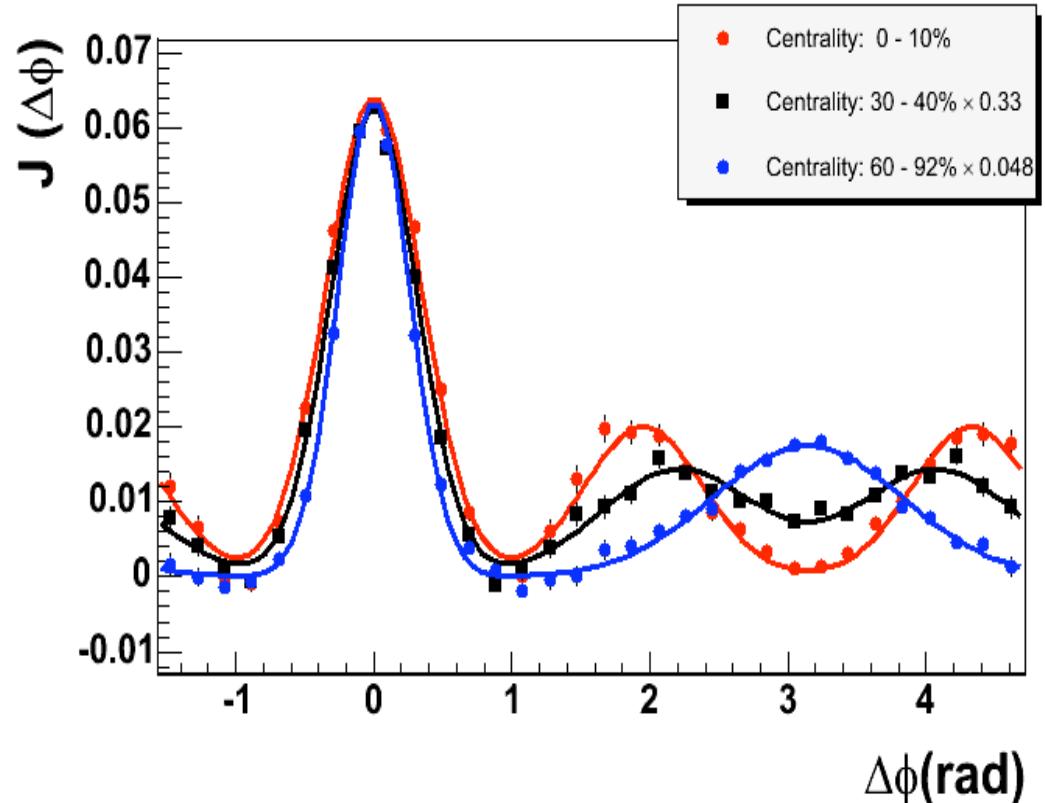
Where is the lost energy?

How parton propagates in dense matter ?



PHENIX (PRL 97, 052301, 2006)

2.5 - 4 GeV/c \times 2 - 3 GeV/c, All Charge

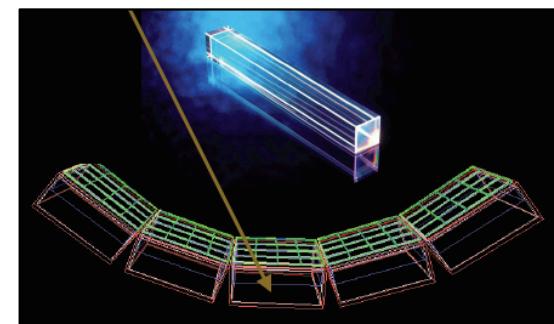
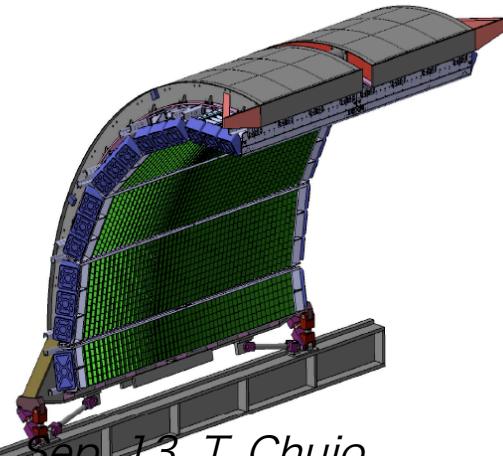
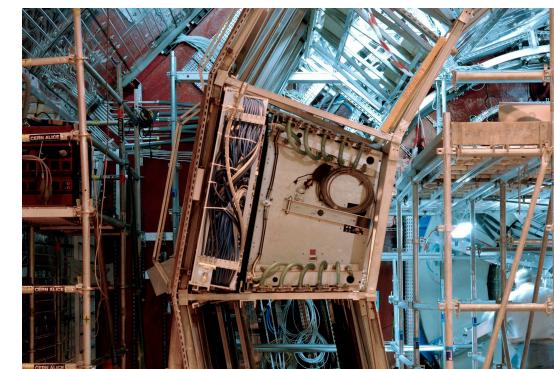
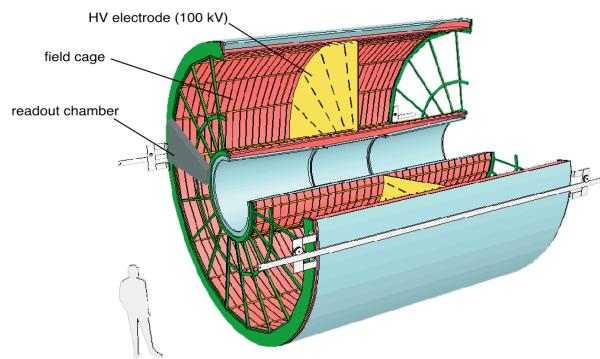
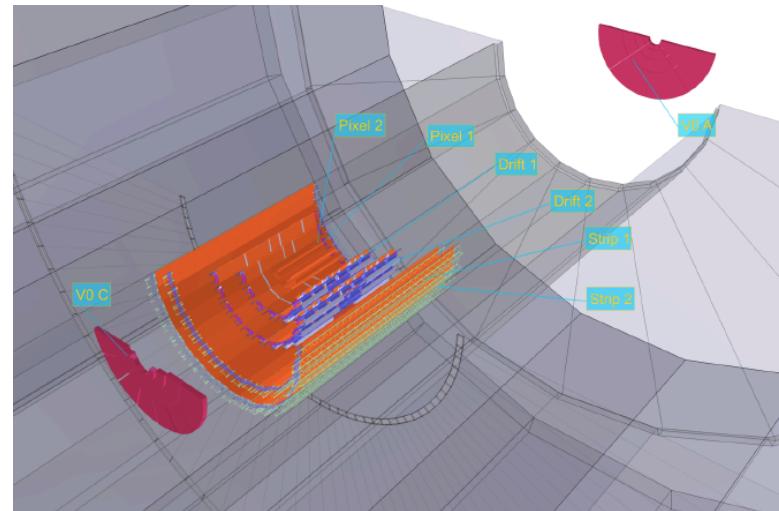


Two peaks in Away side.

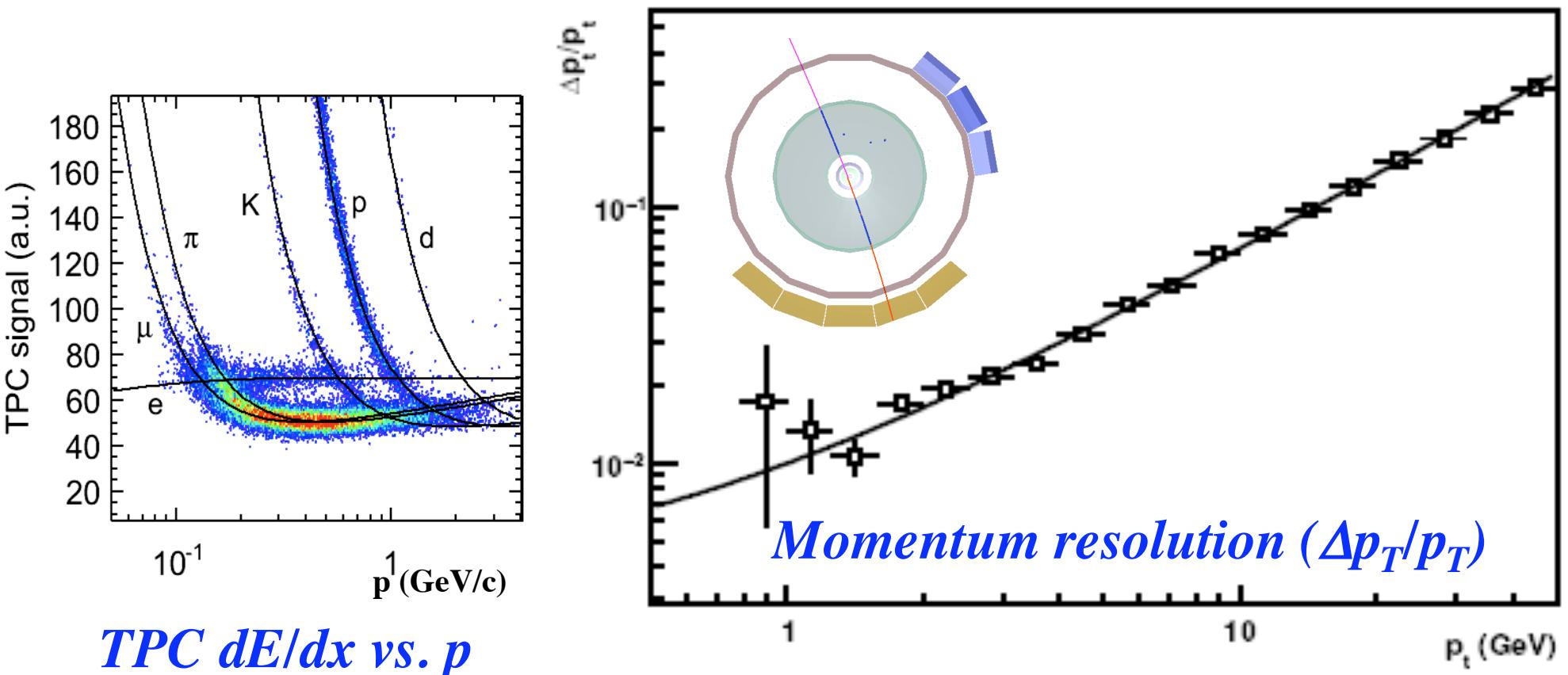
Shock wave?

Key detectors for hard probes in ALICE

- **ITS, TPC, TRD (40%), TOF, HMPID**
 - Charged particles $\Delta\eta = 1.8$.
 - Excellent momentum resolution.
 - **Excellent PID** and heavy flavor tagging.
 - TRD: high p_T and electron trigger.
- **EMCal (40%)**
 - Pb-Scint.
 - Energy of neutral particles
 - $\Delta\phi = 107^\circ$, $\Delta\eta = 1.4$
 - **Energy resolution $\sim 10\%/\sqrt{E_\gamma}$**
 - Jet and γ trigger
- **PHOS (60%)**
 - PWO
 - $220^\circ < \phi < 320^\circ$, $\Delta\eta = 0.24$
 - **Energy resolution $\sim 3\%/\sqrt{E_\gamma}$**
 - γ trigger.

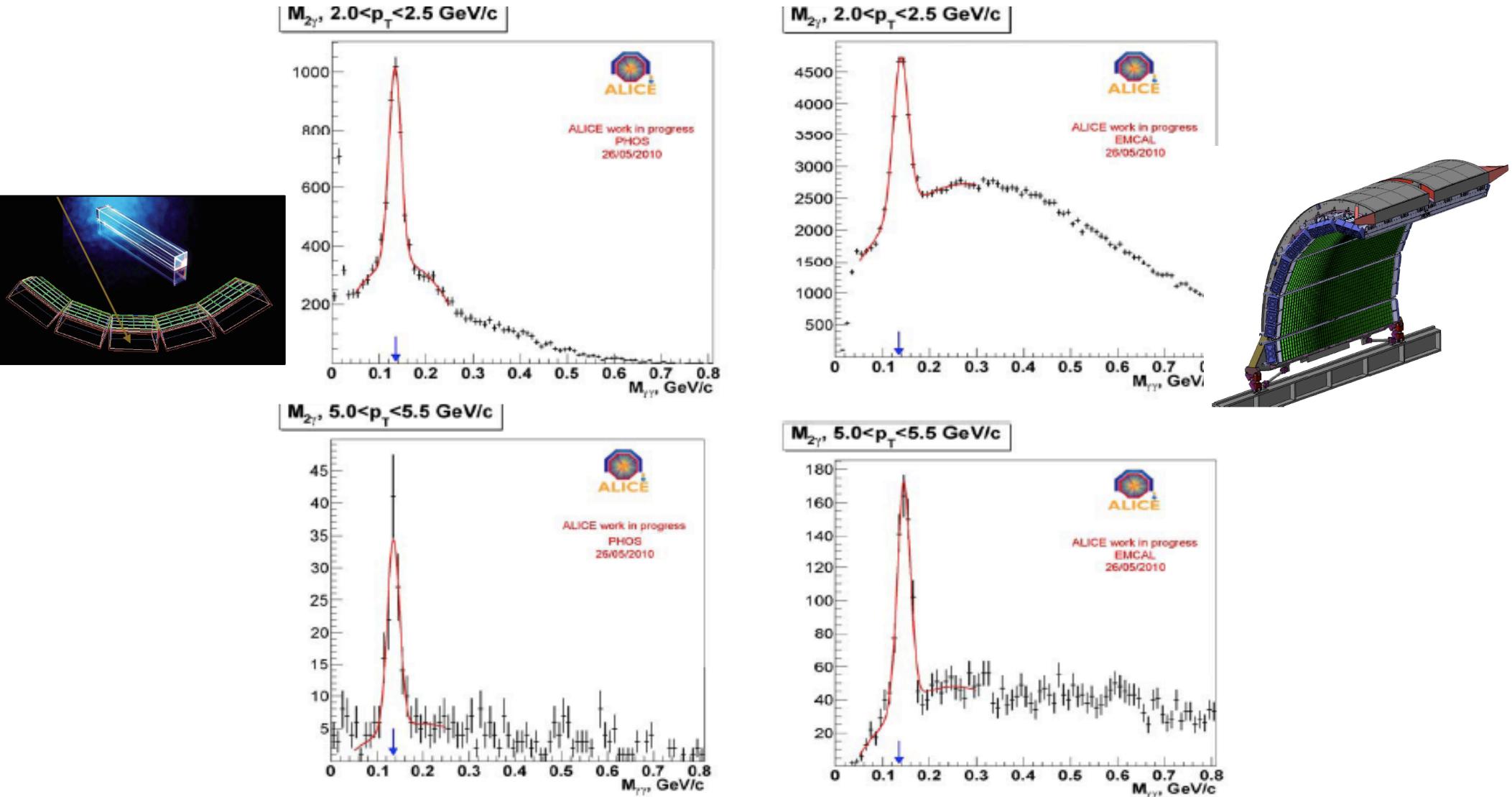


Time-Projection Chamber (TPC)



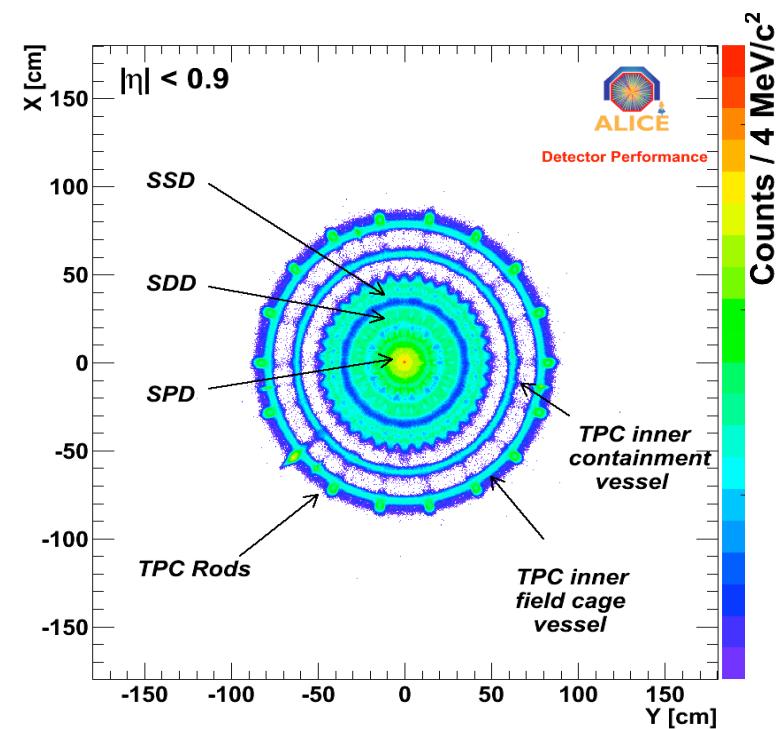
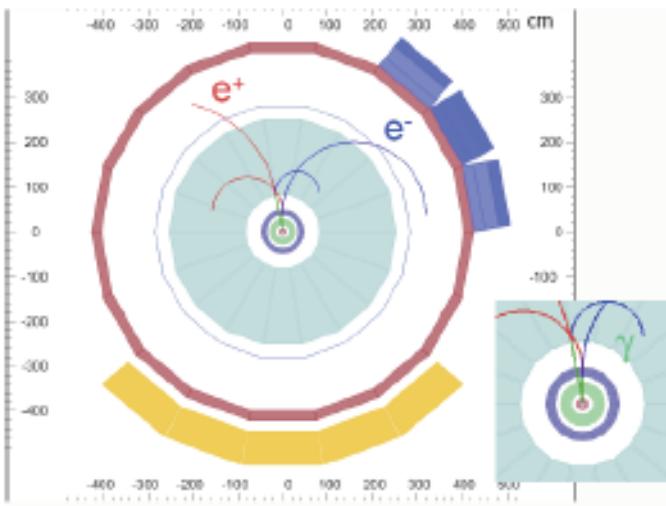
- Detector fully operational: 99.9% of all channels
- dE/dx resolution: < 5%
- Momentum resolution: < 7% at 10 GeV
- Working on distortion map: $\Delta p/p < 5\%$ at 10 GeV
- Read-out rate up to 1kHz

Calorimeters: PHOS, EMCAL

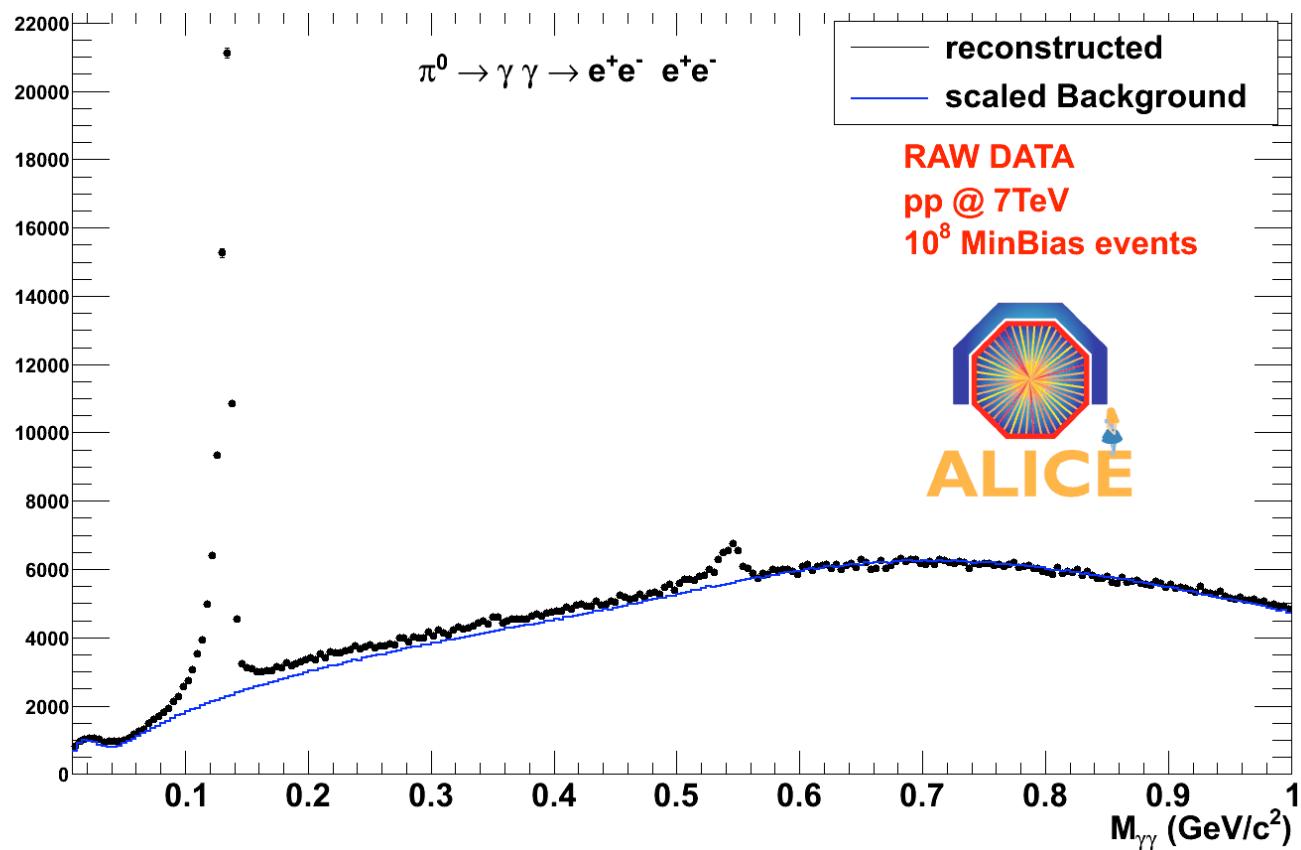


- Invariant mass of π^0 at 7 TeV $p+p$ data.

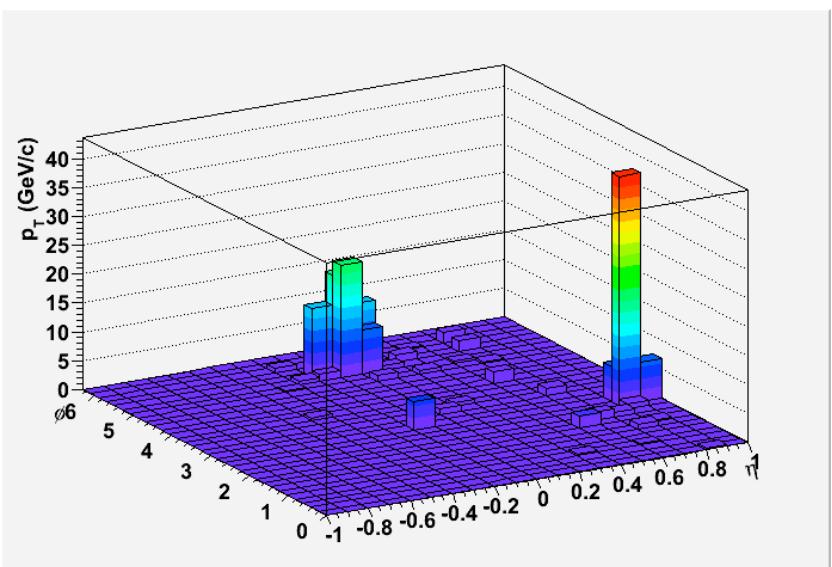
π^0 and η from γ conversion



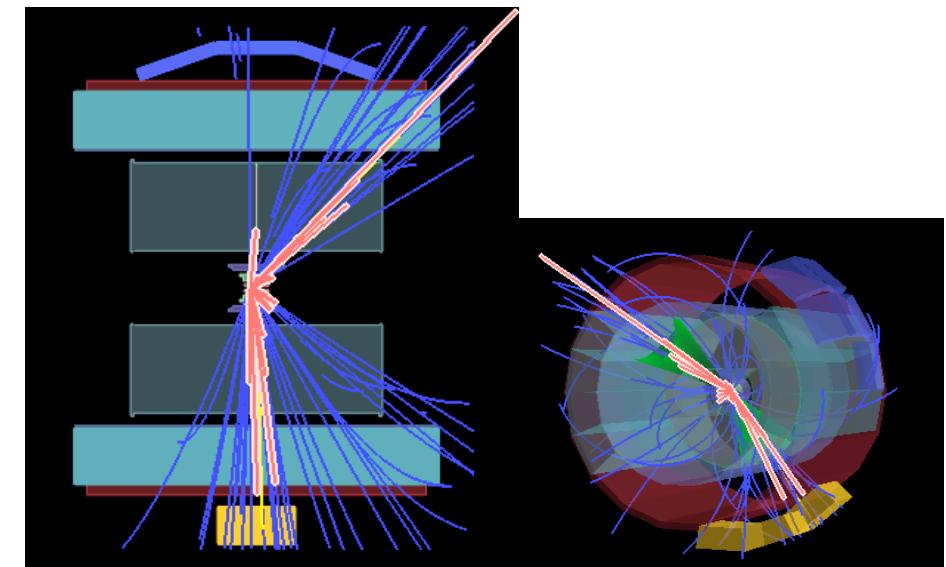
- e^\pm identification in TPC
- Study of γ conversion points/material budget



Di-Jet event (7 TeV p+p)



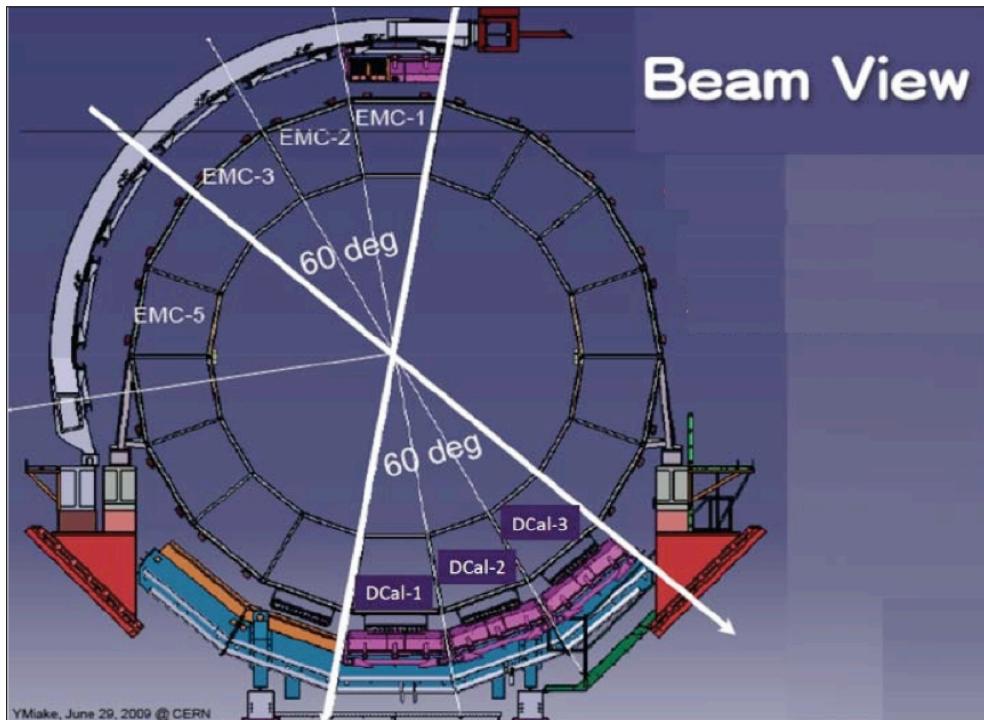
η - ϕ grid



JPS 2010, Sep. 13, T. Chujo

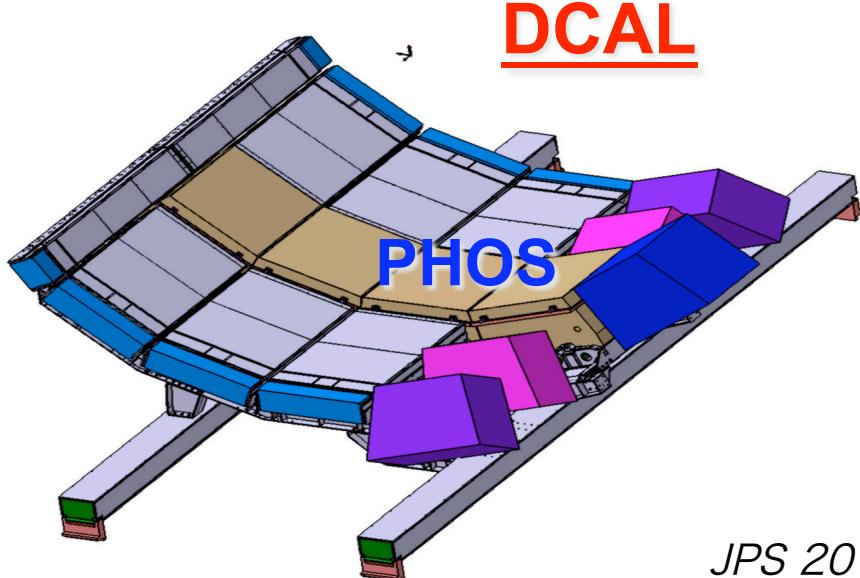
Reconstructed Jets UA1 Cone R = 0.4:
Jet 1: $\eta = 0.02$, $\phi = 306^\circ$, $p_T = 71$ GeV, Tracks 15
Jet 2: $\eta = 0.84$, $\phi = 132^\circ$, $p_T = 47$ GeV, Tracks 9
 $\Delta\phi = 174^\circ$
Total Tracks 108

DCAL (Dijet Calorimeter)

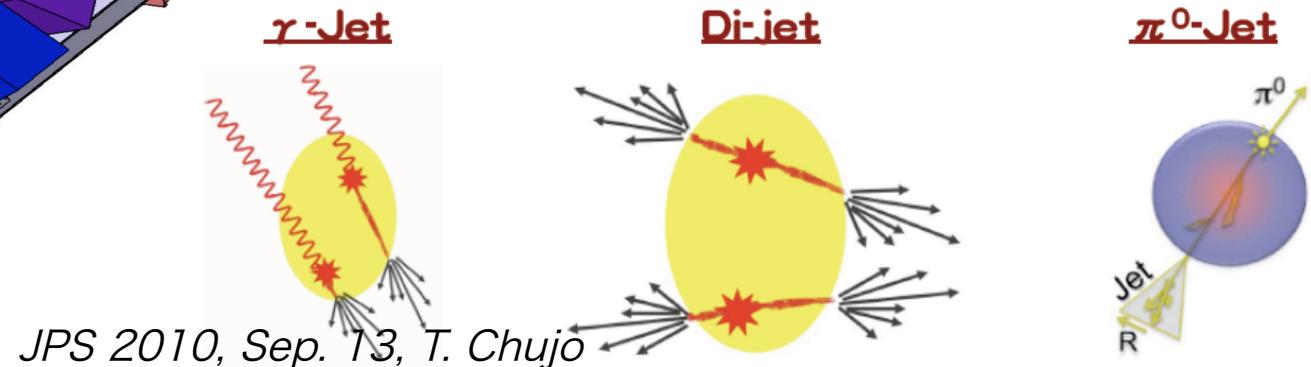


A **60% expansion** of EMCal arranged to permit back-to-back hadron-jet, jet-jet and gamma-jet measurements.

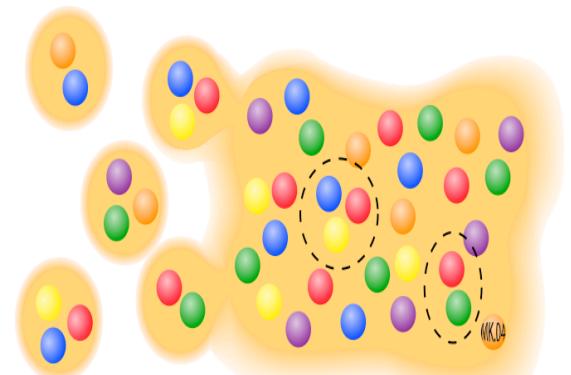
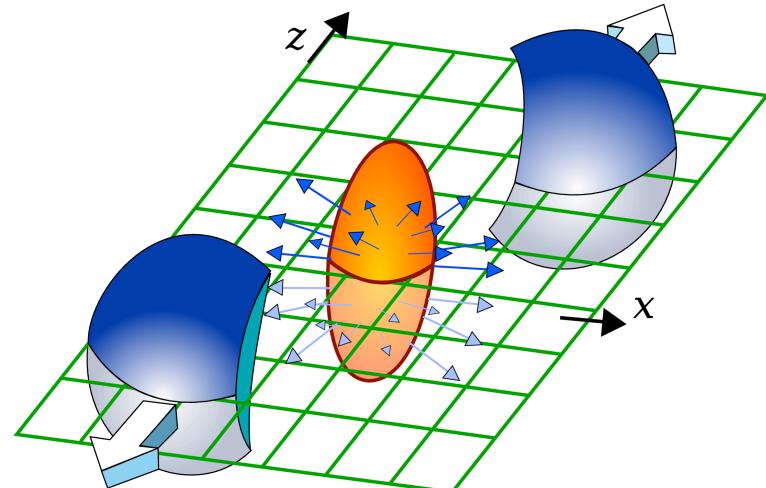
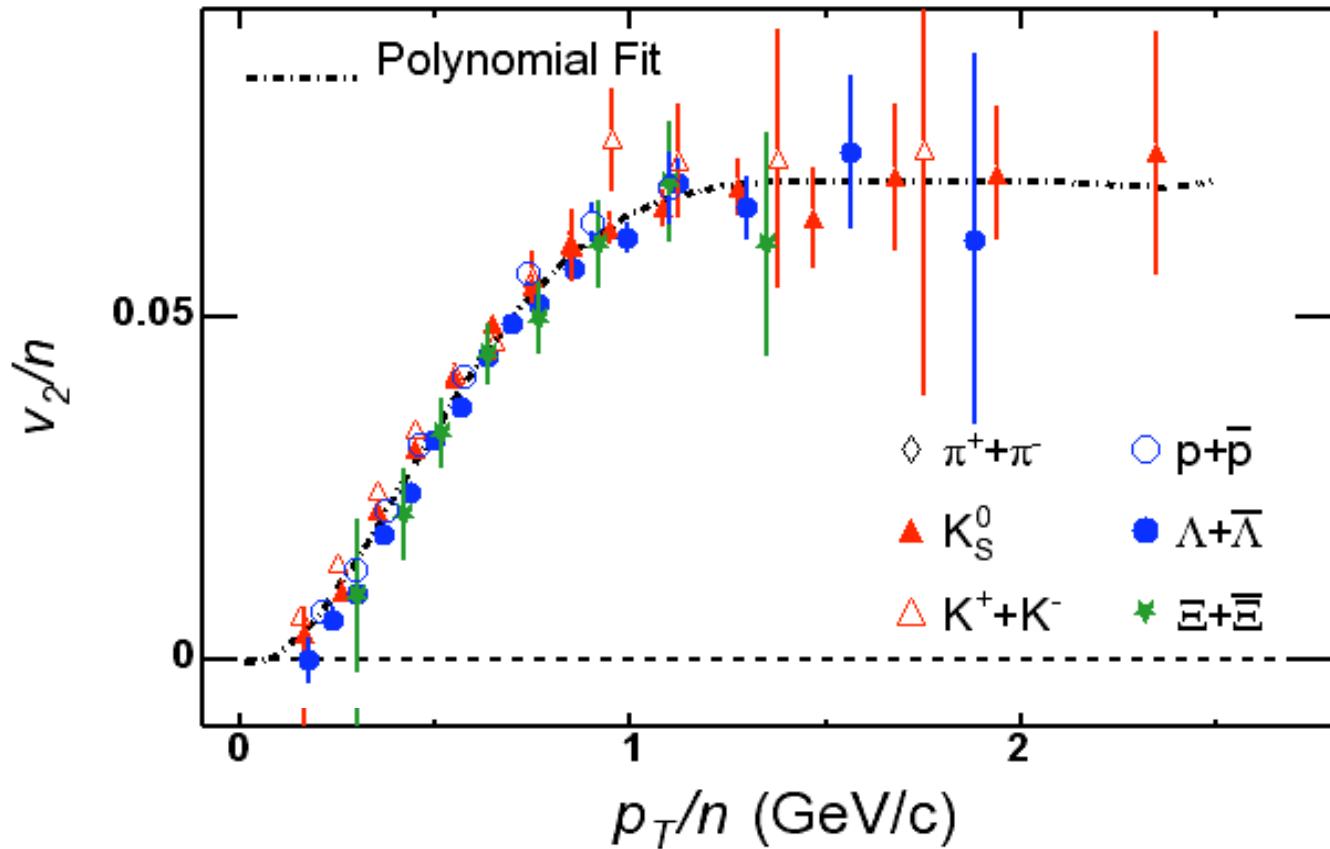
Goal: QGP tomography via detailed «jet quenching»
studies: PbPb/pp jet x-section ratios, fragmentation functions, ...



(→ T. Gunji's Talk)



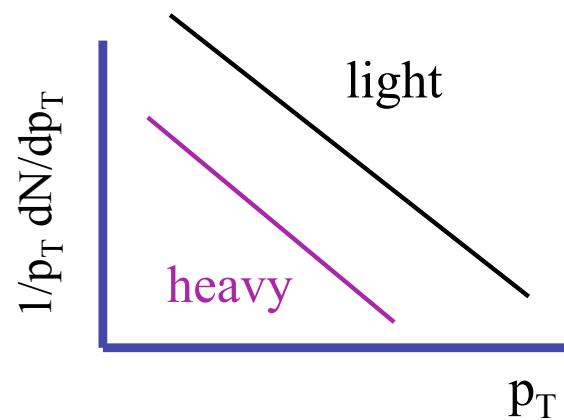
(2) Collectivity



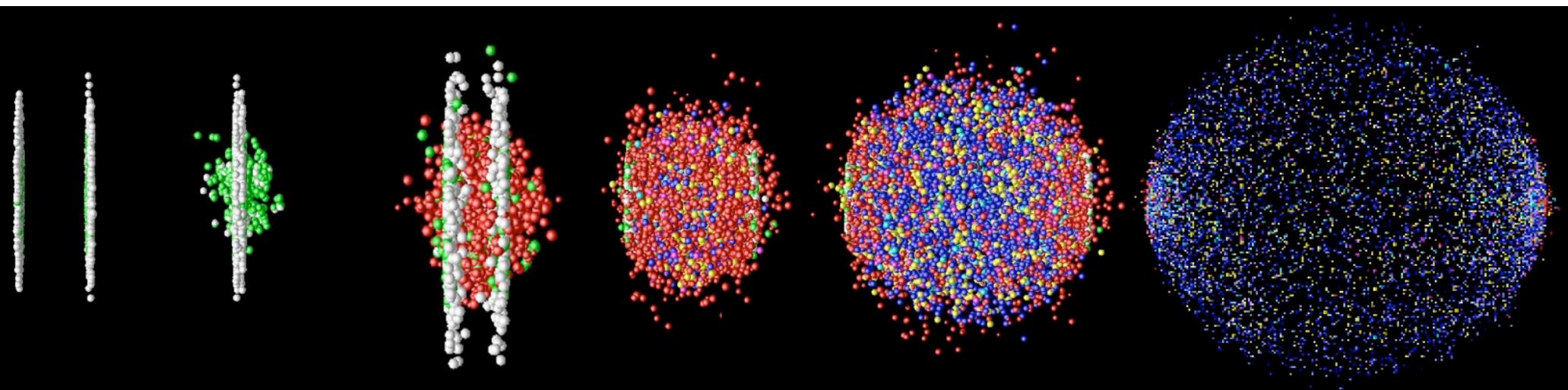
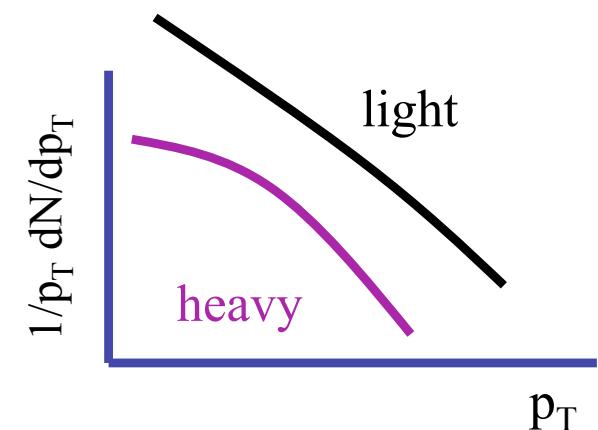
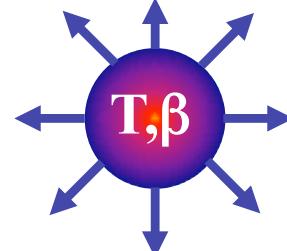
- At RHIC energy:
- Quark number scaling of v_2 works.
- Indication of quark level collective motion at RHIC.
- What happens at LHC?

Radial flow

purely thermal source

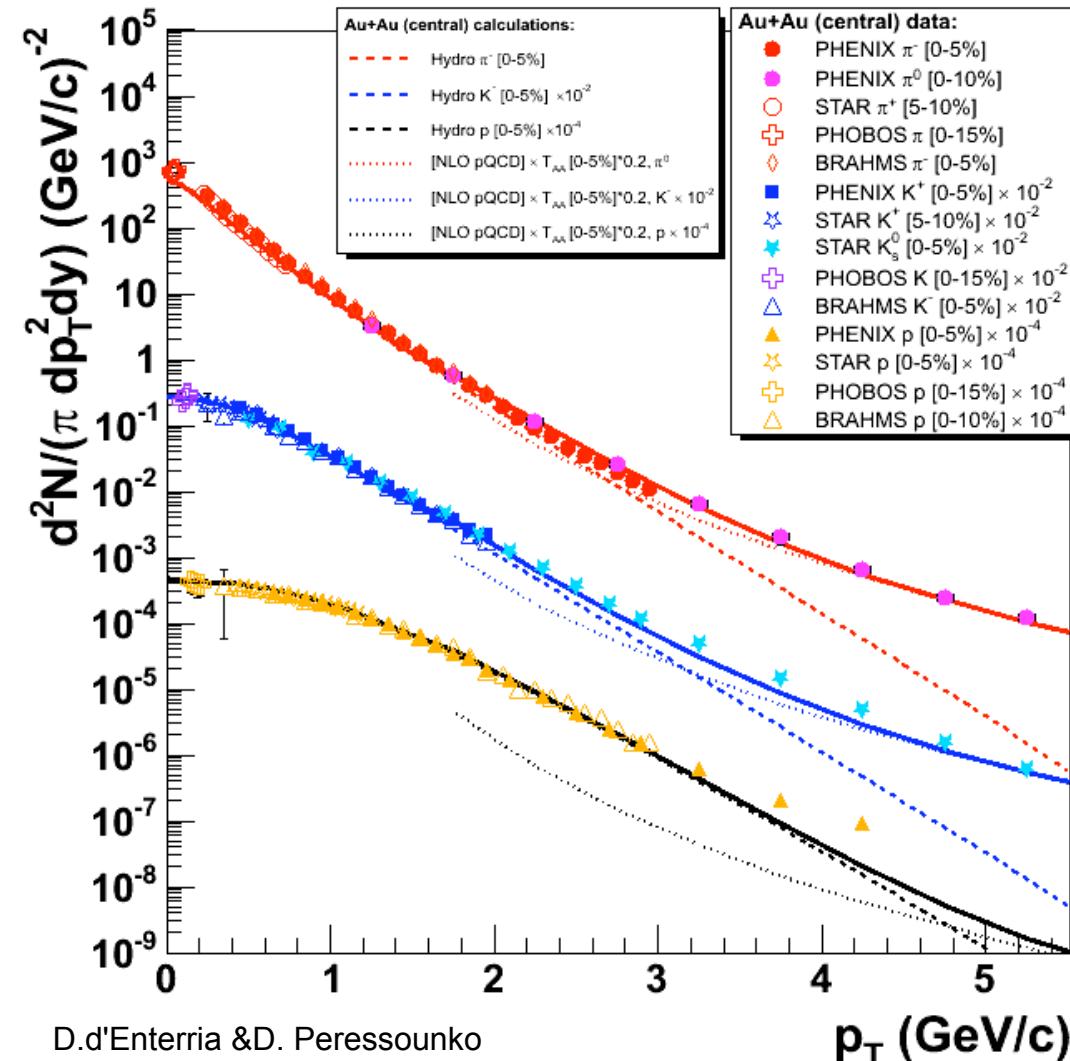


explosive source



Radial flow at RHIC

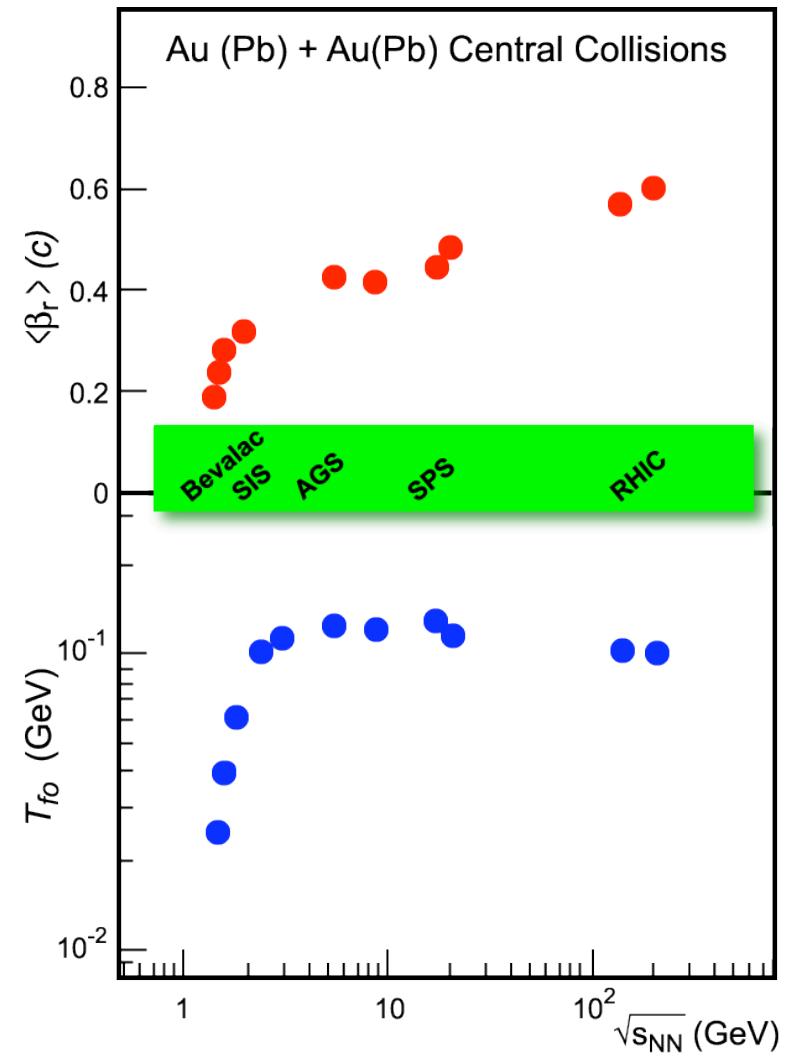
Au+Au 200 GeV central ($b < 2.6$ fm)



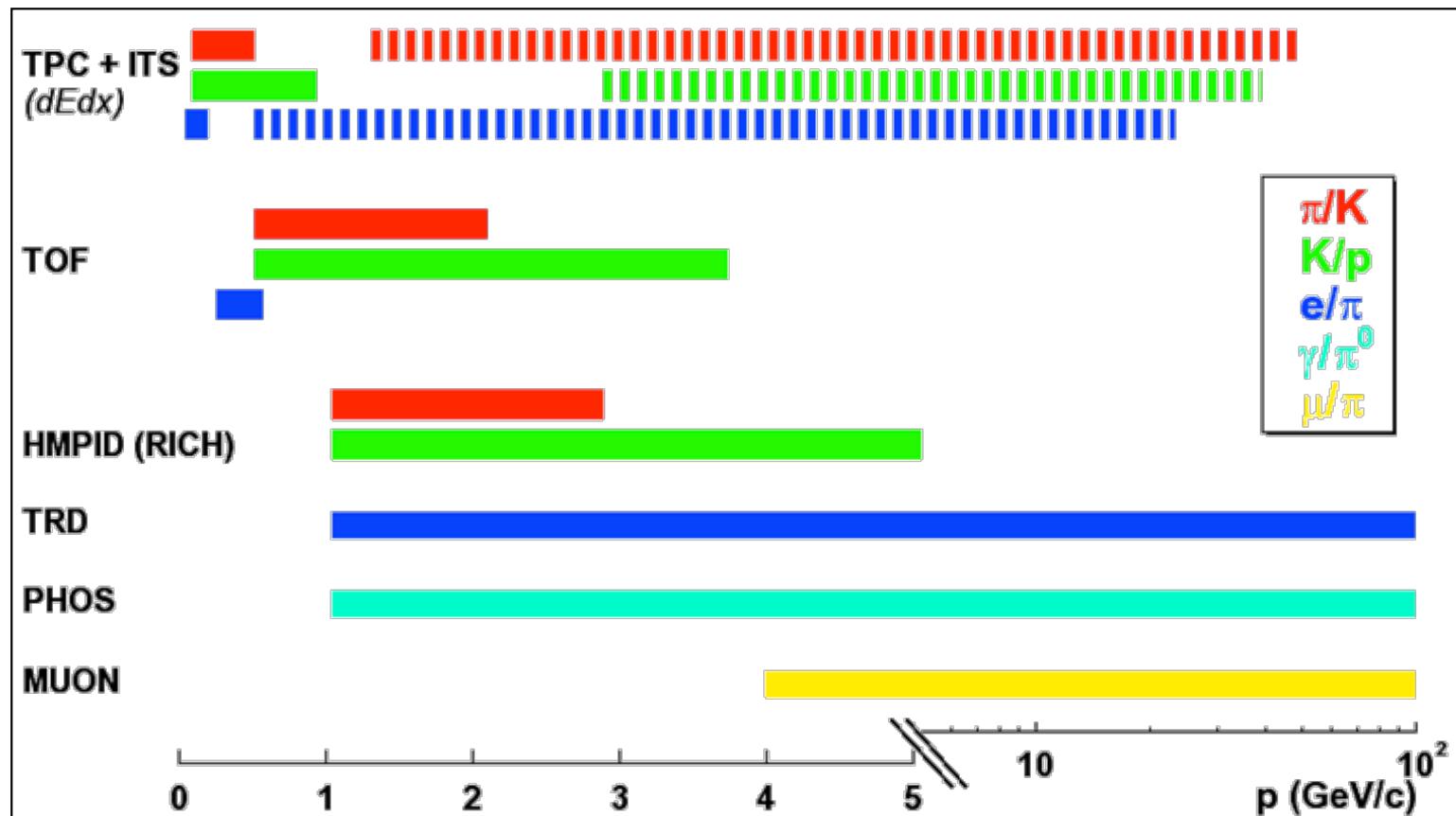
D.d'Enterria & D. Peressounko
nucl-th/0503054

- Large radial flow observed at RHIC.
- Charged particle identification is key to understand matter properties.

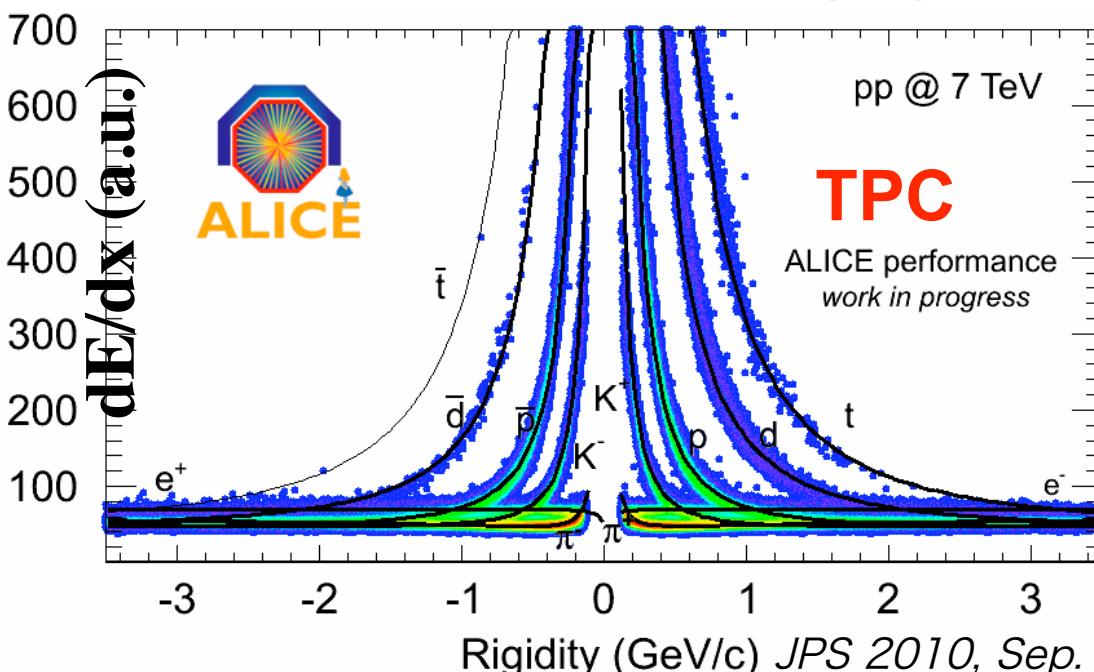
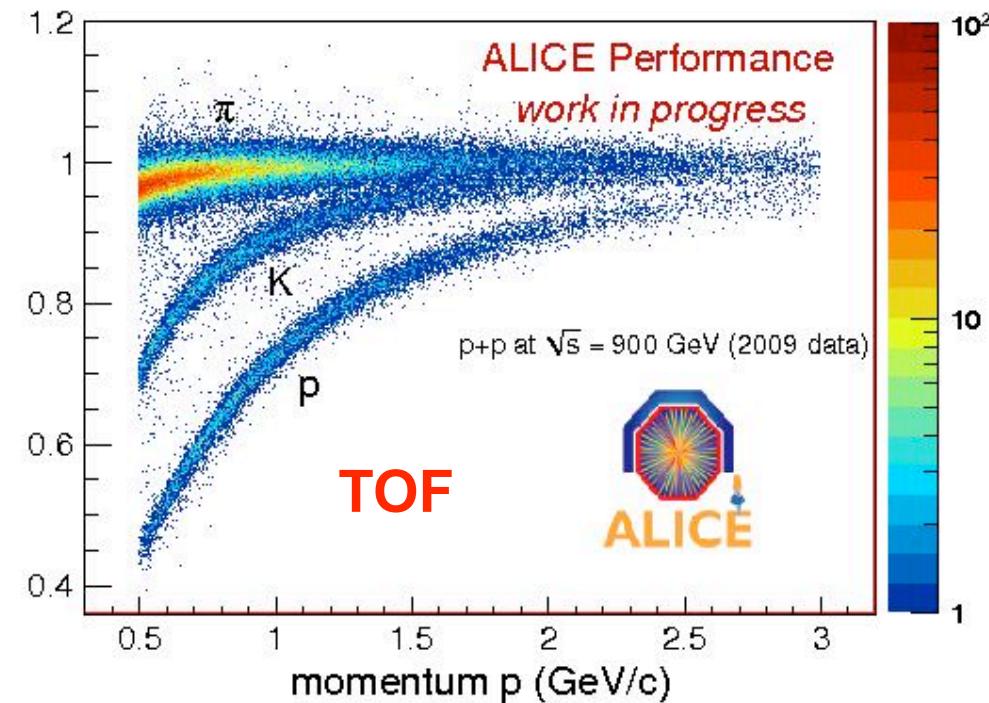
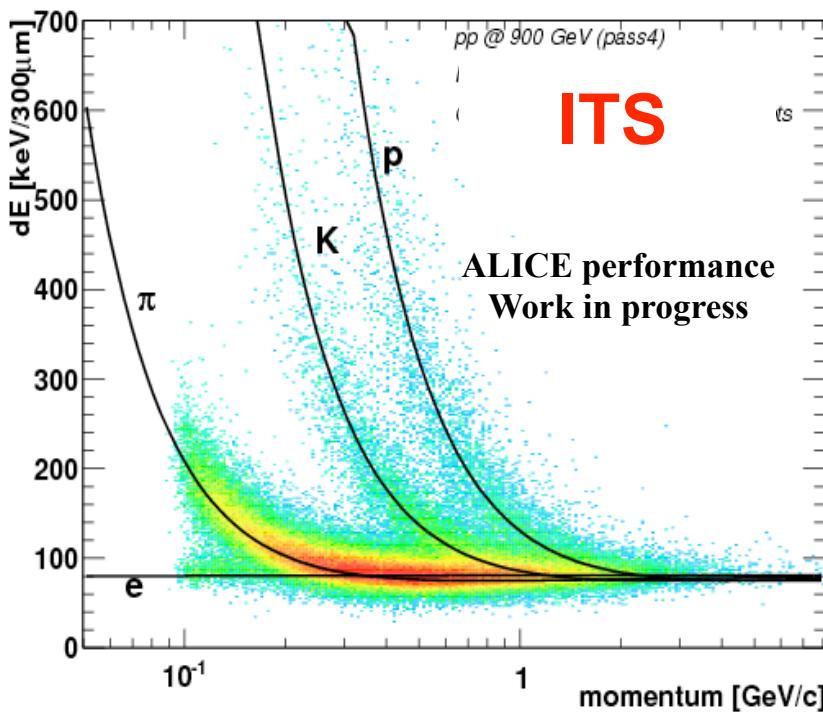
JPS 2010, Sep. 13, T. Chujo



ALICE PID Capability



ALICE PID performance (1)



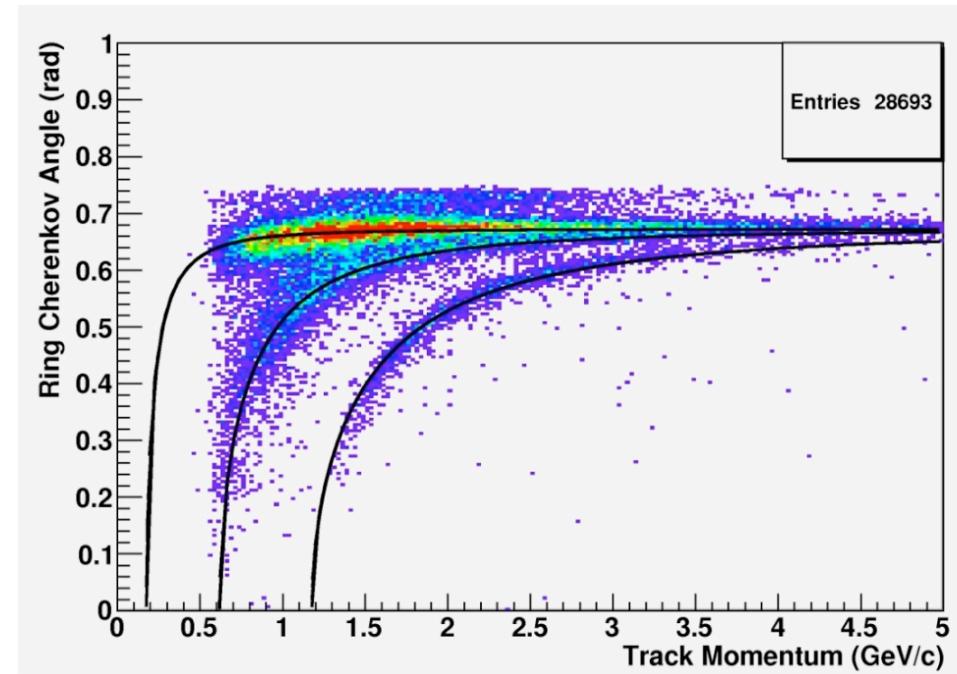
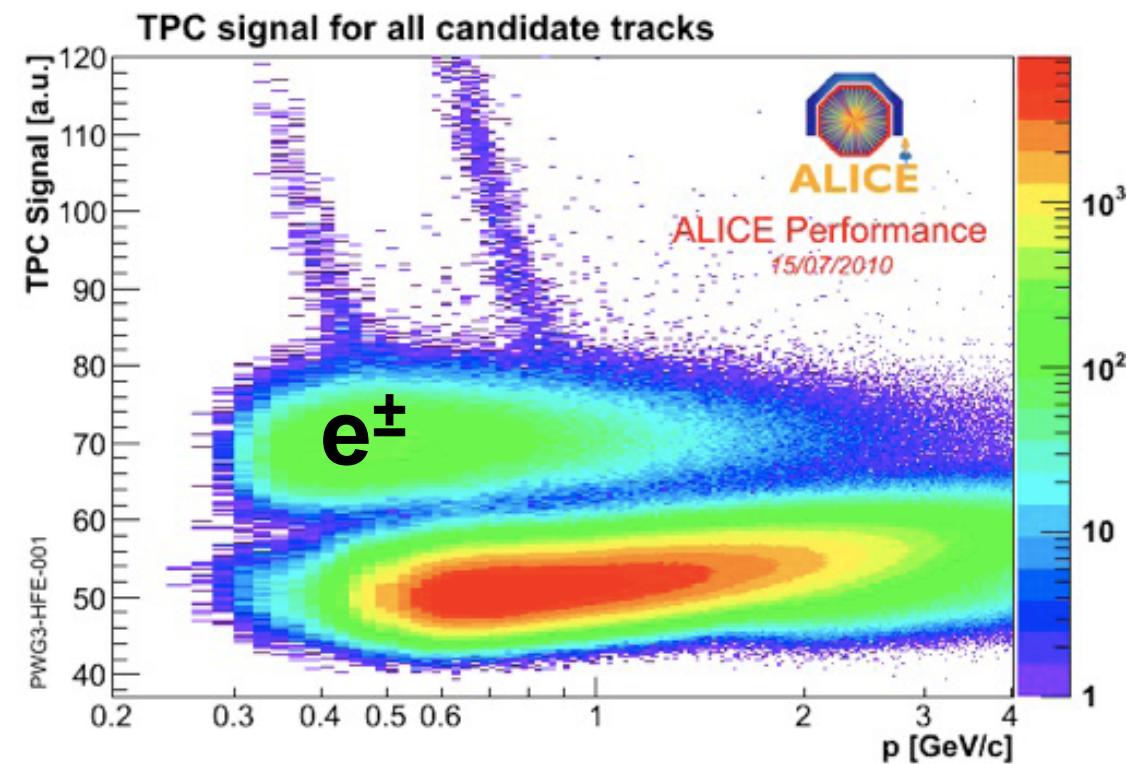
- PID using ITS, TOF, TPC
- TPC dE/dx :
 - separates p/ K up to 1.1 GeV
- TOF:
 - separates K/ π up to ~ 1.5 GeV

ALICE PID performance (2)

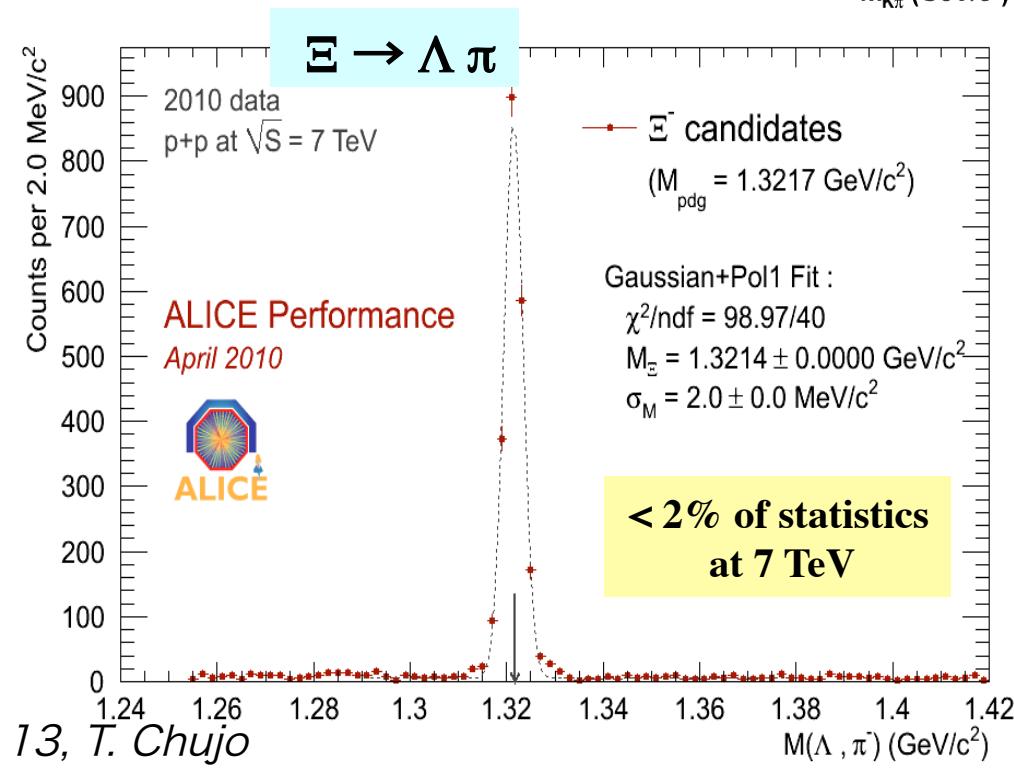
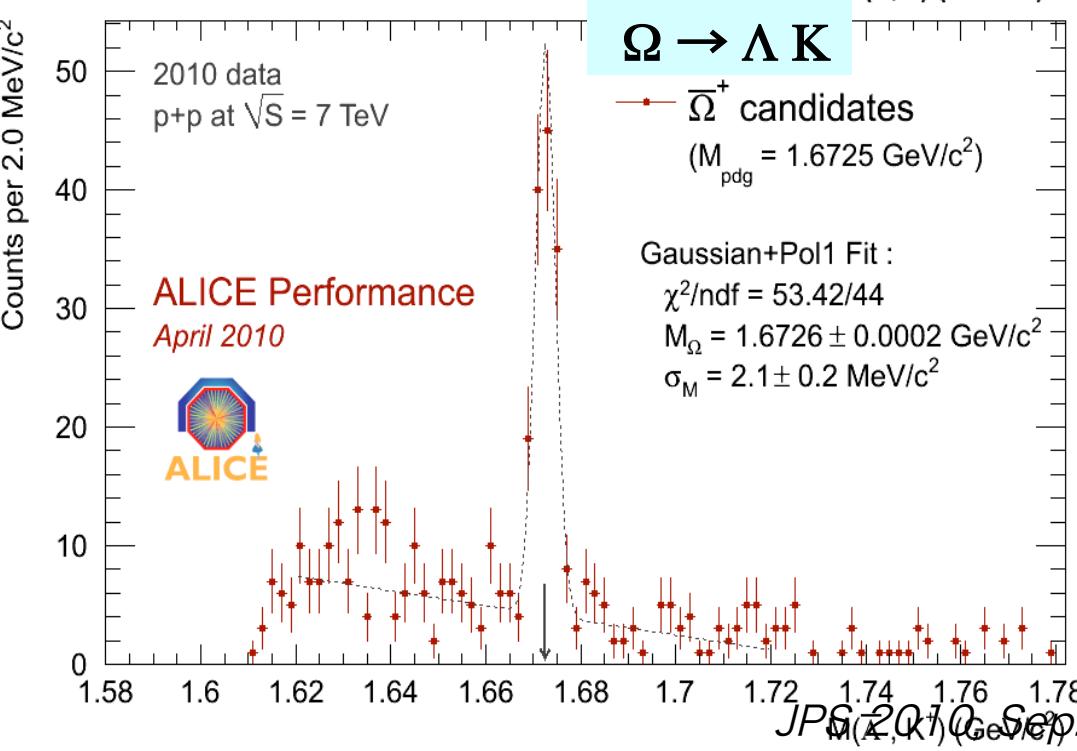
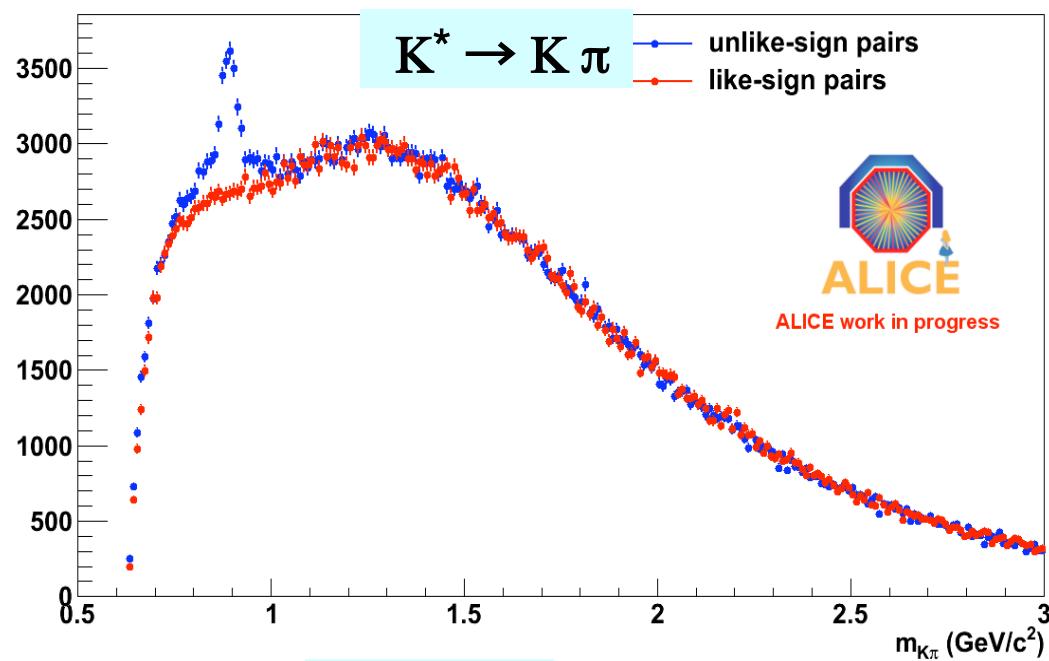
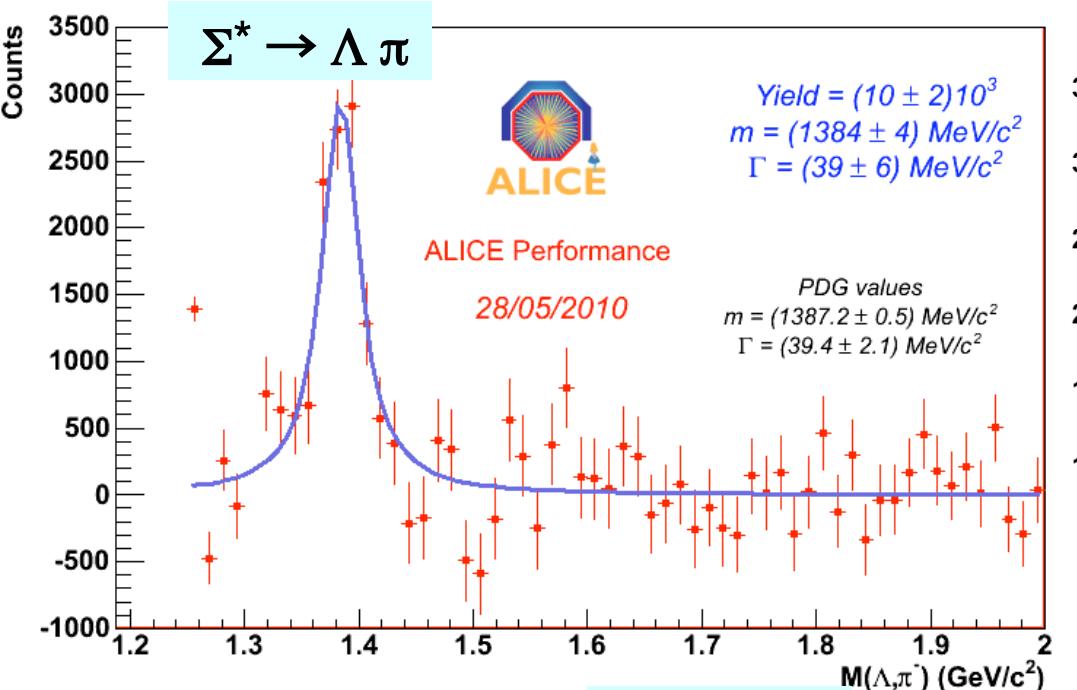
TPC

HMPID

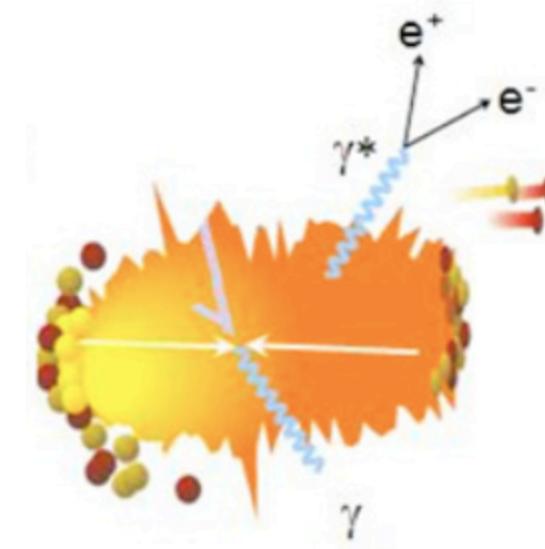
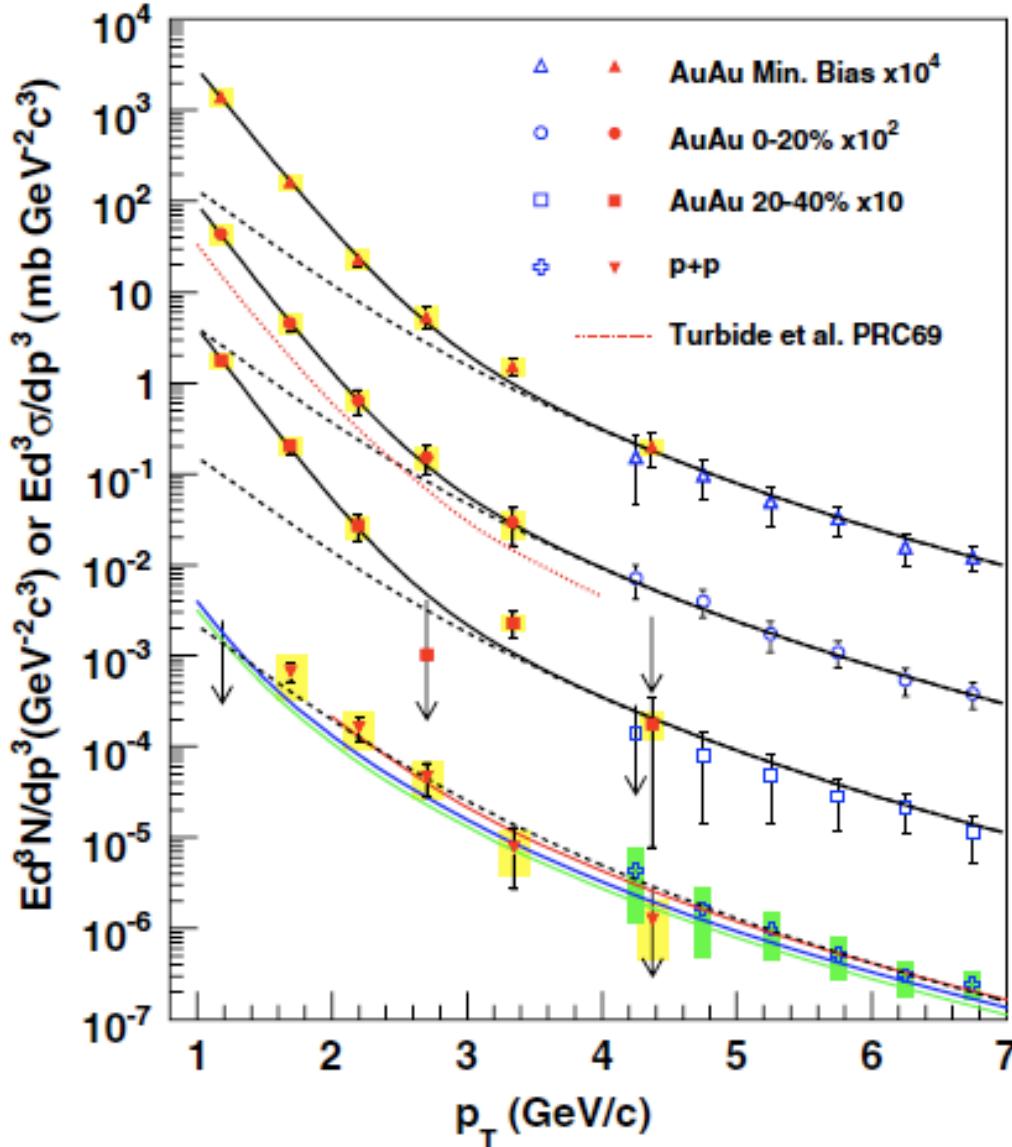
(Cherenkov ring angle vs. momentum)



Strangeness productions (p+p 7 TeV)



(3) Temperature

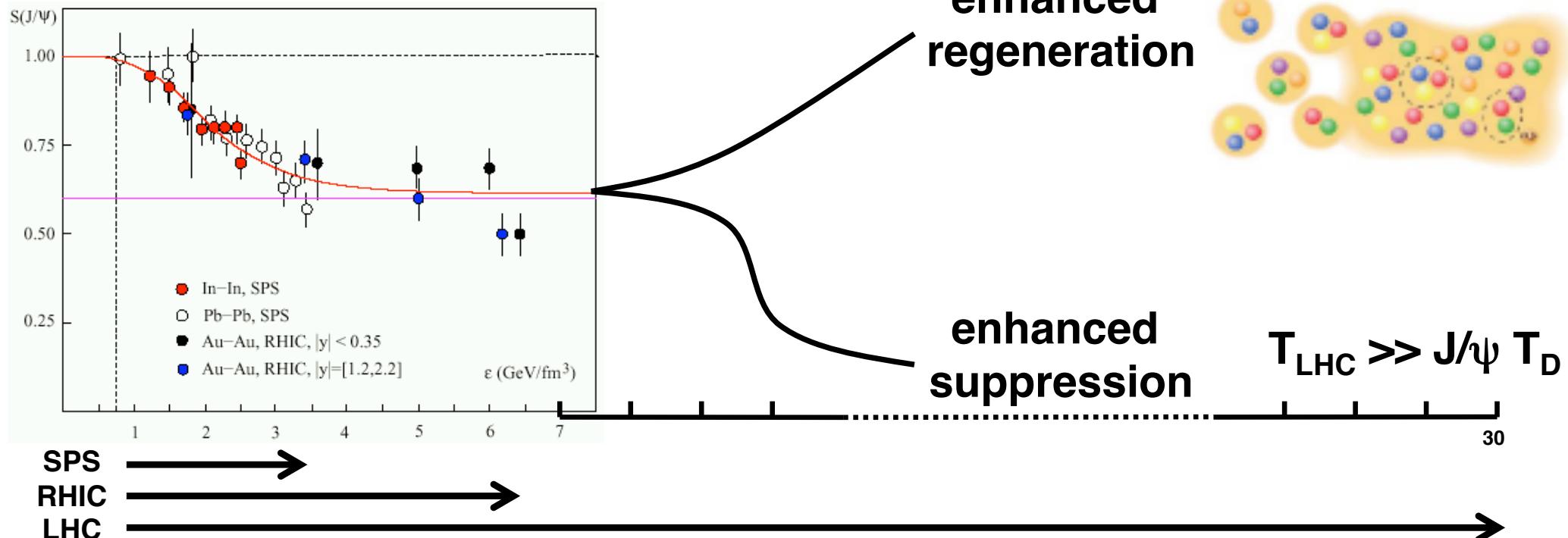


DATA: $T_{ini} > T_{AuAu} \sim 220 \text{ MeV}$
MODELS: $T_{ini} = 300 \text{ to } 600 \text{ MeV}$
Lattice QCD prediction: $T_c \sim 170 \text{ MeV}$

Indicating thermal photon emission at low p_T .

Charmonium: suppression or enhancement?

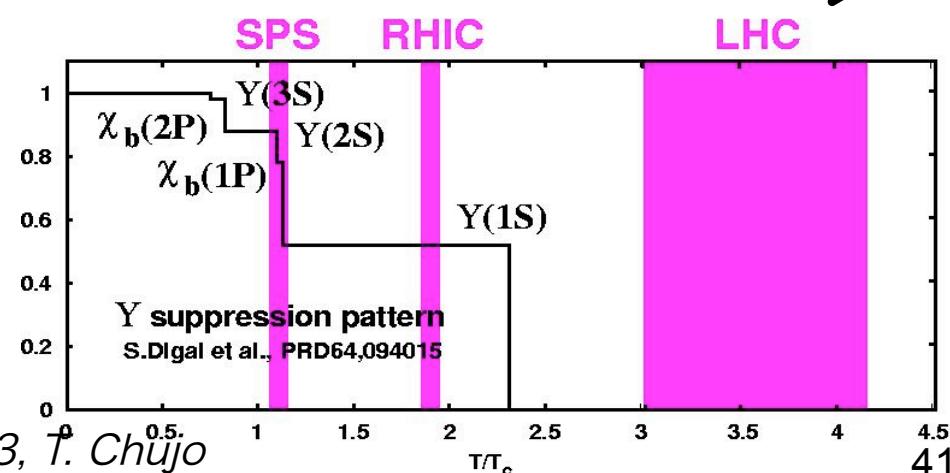
- J/ ψ suppression & regeneration at LHC?
- χ_c, ψ' suppression ($J/\psi T_D \sim 1.5\text{-}2.0 T_c$)?



enhanced
regeneration

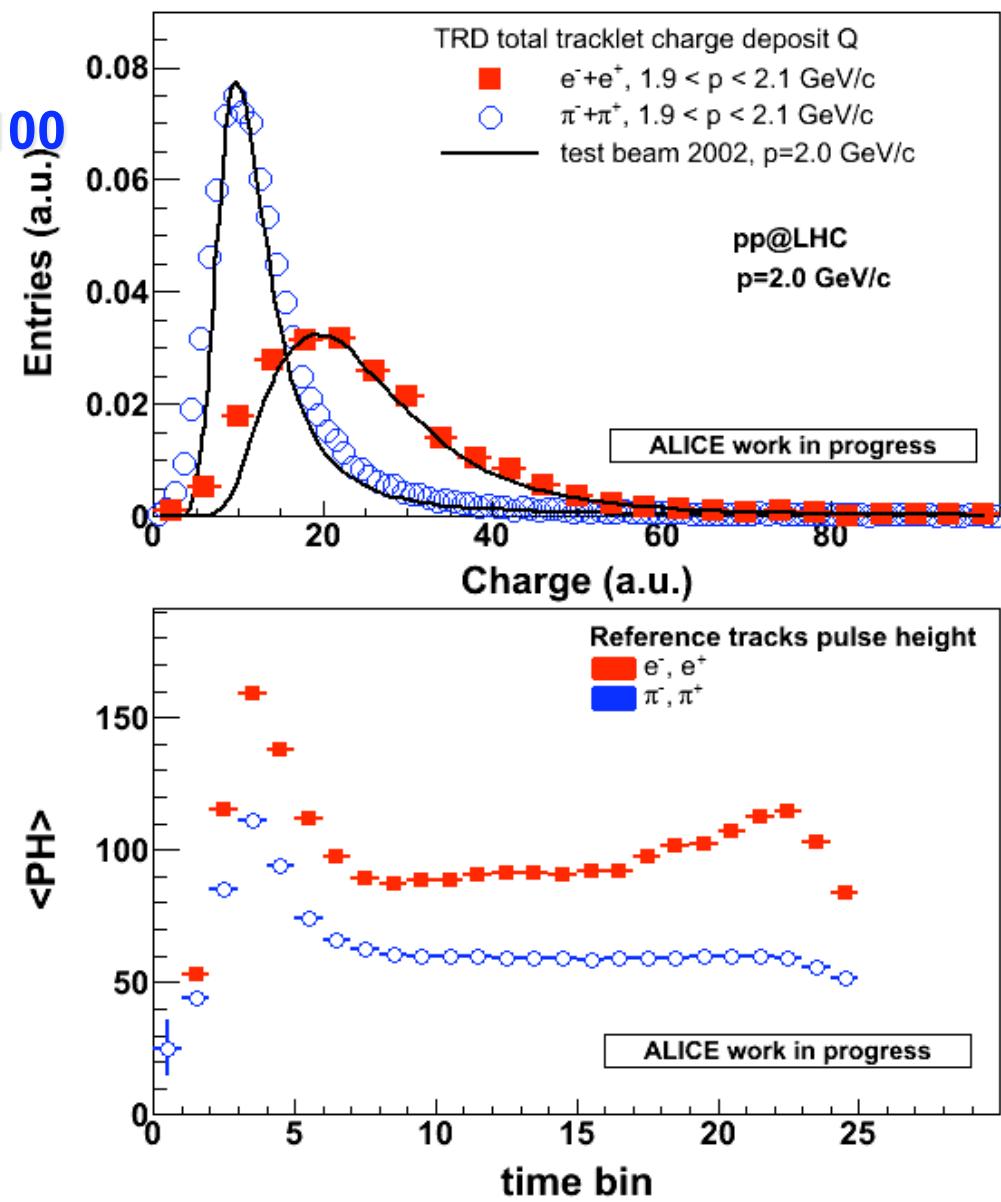
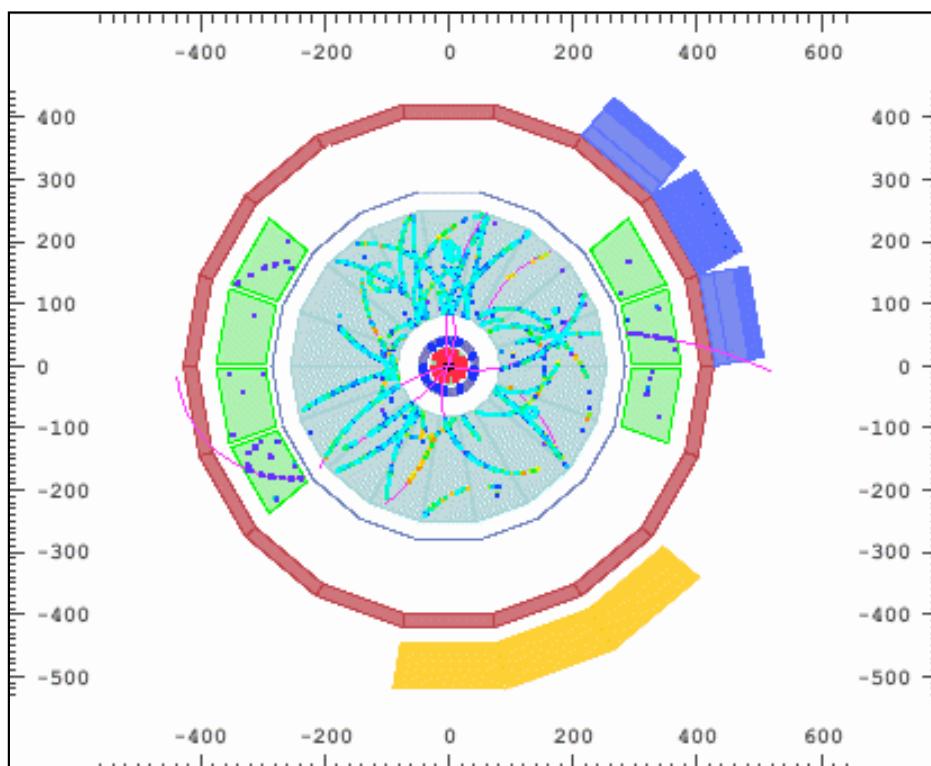
enhanced
suppression

$T_{LHC} \gg J/\psi T_D$

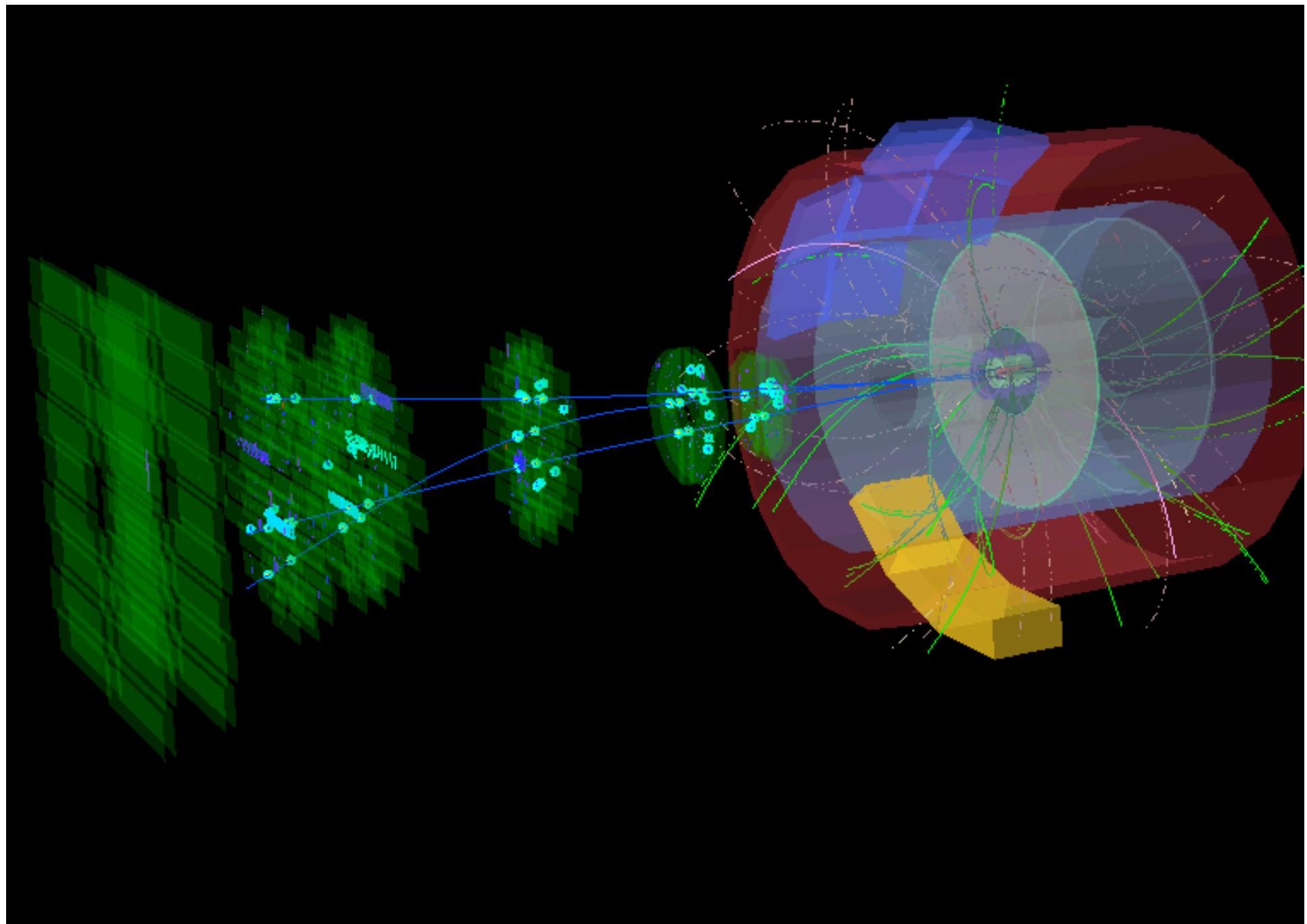


Transition-radiation detector (TRD)

- TRD Dedicated to electron PID.
- Distinguish e from π \rightarrow rejection factor 100
- Provide High p_T & Electron trigger

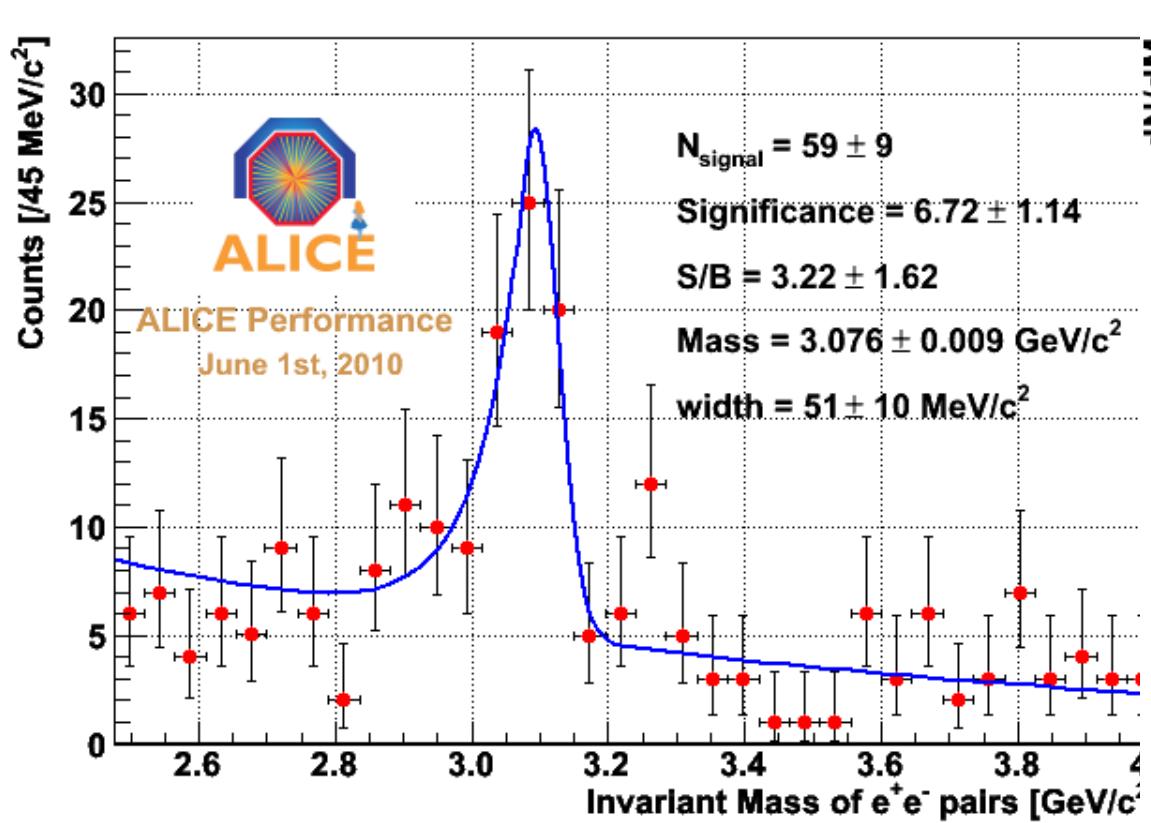


Muon detector (di-muon event display)

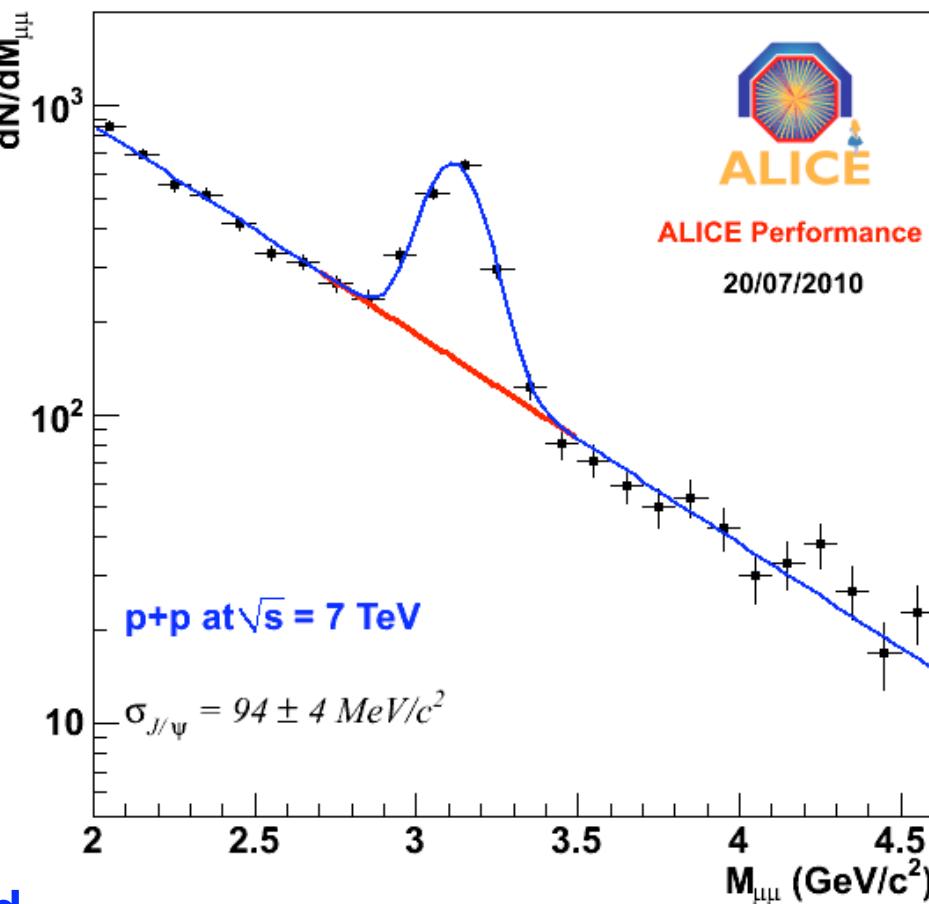


J/ Ψ at p+p 7 TeV

$J/\Psi \rightarrow e^+e^- |y| < 1$

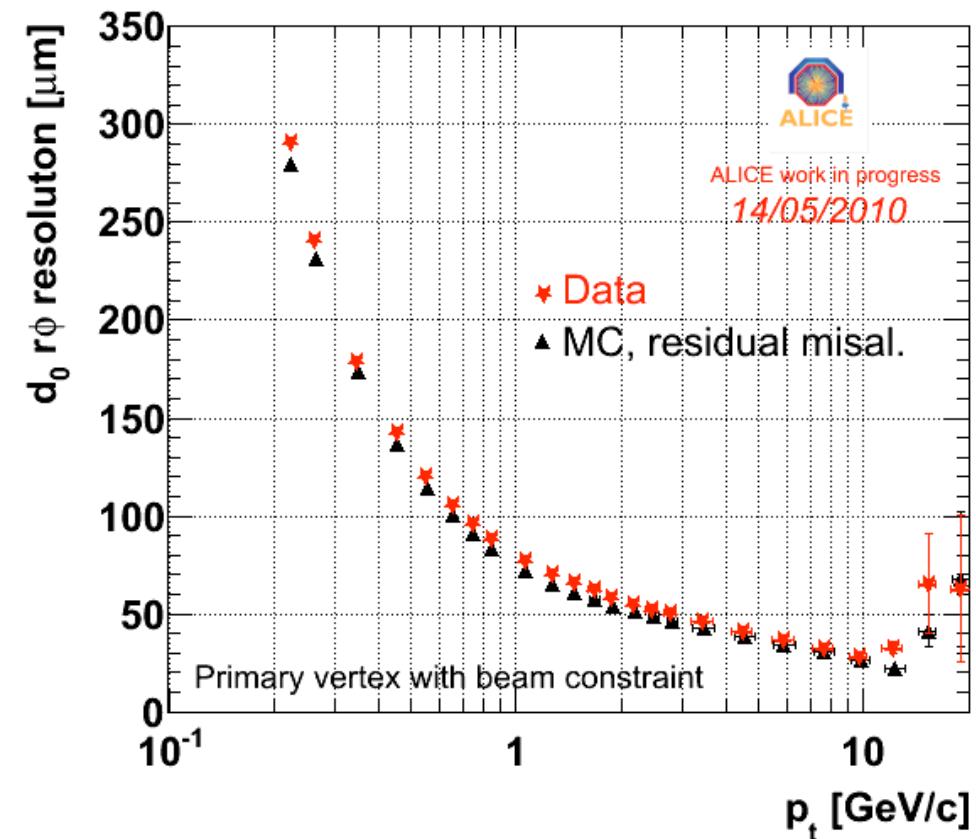
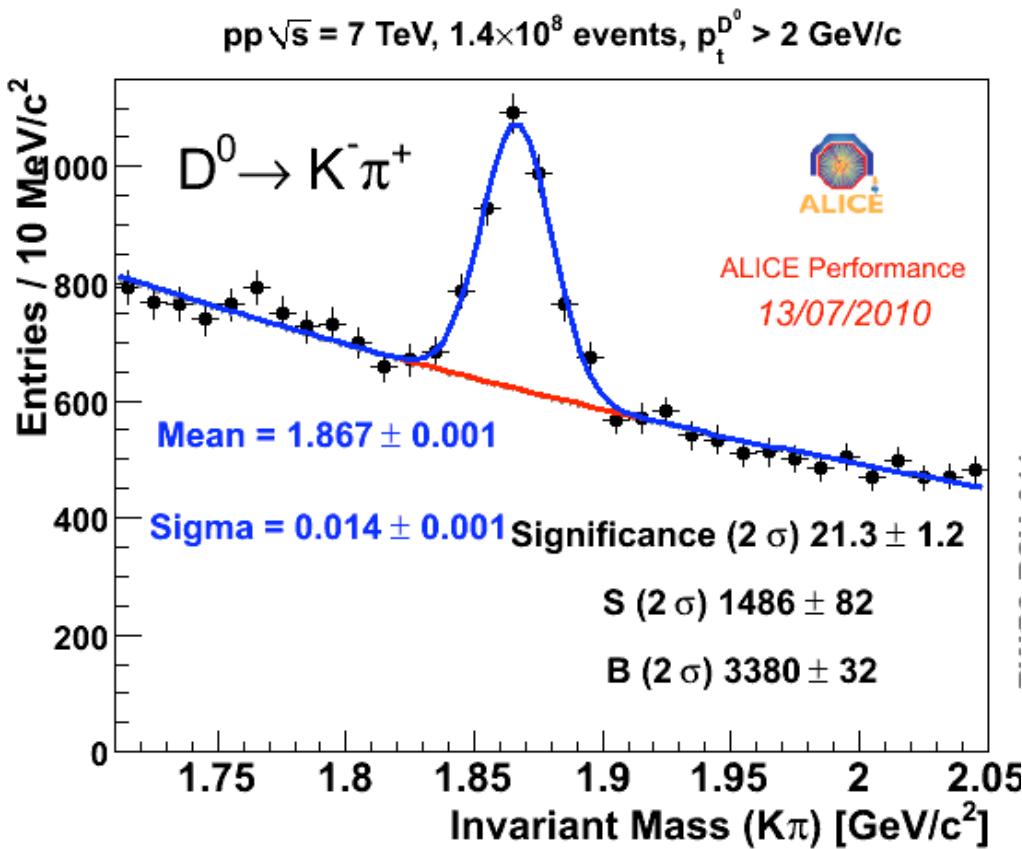


$J/\Psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-, y = 2.5 - 4.1$



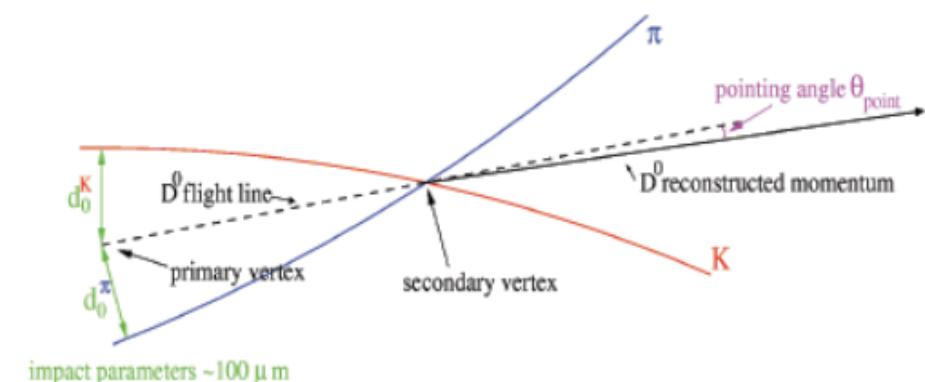
Mass resolution ~50 MeV even with low field,
due to low material budget

Charm at p+p 7 TeV

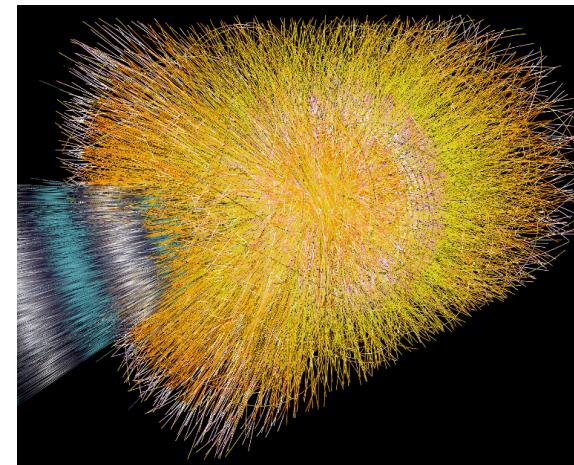


Impact Parameter Resolution vs p_T

80 μm @ 1 GeV



Prospects for Pb+Pb



What will be luminosity for November 2010?

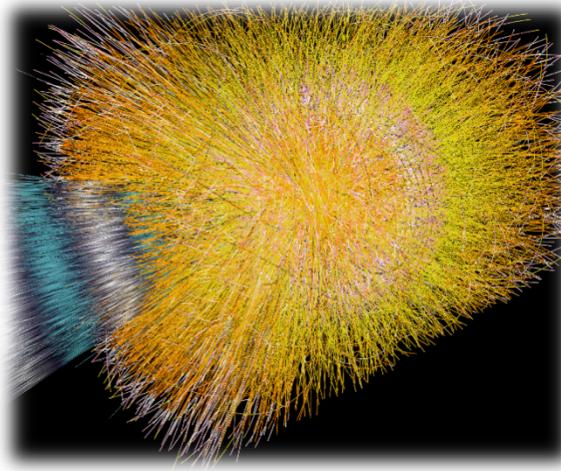
- Design luminosity for Pb+Pb: $10^{27} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
 - $\sim 1/10$ from number of bunches
 - $\sim 1/10$ from increased beam size (lower energy, less focussing)
- Most probable value $\rightarrow 10^{25} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ [J. Jowett]

What is expected amount of data sample?

- Depends critically on overall duty factor and number of days
- e.g.: 20 days at 50 Hz min bias at 20% overall duty factor
 $\rightarrow \sim 1.5 \times 10^7$ min bias events (as opposed to target of a few 10^7 central!)

Summary

- ALICE detector is fully operational since the first collision.
- p+p (mainly 7 TeV):
 - Re-discovering “standard model” and particle zoo.
 - Providing an important reference data to the heavy ion data.
- Pb+Pb:
 - Will start the 2.76 TeV Pb+Pb run on Nov. 2010.
- Exciting moment, new regime of QCD matter, and discoveries !!





Thank you for your attention.